# CURRICULUM-2023 C-23

# DIPLOMAIN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING



STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION& TRAINING
ANDHRA PRADESH

#### **PREAMBLE**

Technical Education is a key driver of economic development and plays a crucial role in providing individuals with the skills and knowledgenecess ary to thrive in the work place. As technological advancements continue to reshape in dustries and createne wopport unities, it is critical that technical education curricular emain relevant and up-to-date.

The curriculum has been designed with this in mind, with a focus on practical skills, criticalthinking,andproblem-solving. Webelieve that these skills are essential for successin both academic and professional spheres. The revamping of the technical education curriculum is made with collaborative effort from educators, industry experts, policymakers, and students.

Attheheartofthecurriculum,isthebeliefthatthetechnicaleducationshouldbestudent-centered, empowering learners to take ownership of their learning and pursue their passions. Weaimtocreatealearningenvironmentthatissafe,supportive,andnurturing,whereevery studenthastheopportunitytoreachtheirfullestpotential.Weacknowledgethatlearningis alifelongjourney,andourcurriculumisdesignedtoprovideasolidfoundationforcontinued growth and development. We hope that our students will not only leave with a diploma but with employability and passion for learning.

The State Board of Technical Education and Training, (SBTET) AP, has been offering Diploma programmes to meet the above said aspirations of the stake holders:industries, students, academia, parents and the society at large. The Curriculum should be flexible, adaptable, and responsive to the changing needs of the industry and society. As such, it has been the practice of SBTET, A.P., to keep the curriculum abreast with the advances in technology through systematicands cientifican allysis of current curriculum and bring out an updated revised version at regular intervals.

ThedesignofCurriculumC-23wasstartedinthemonthofJanuary-2023.Feedback wascollectedfromallstakeholders:Students,Lecturers,SeniorLecturers,HeadofSections and Principals for all programmes for this purpose. Accordingly, a workshop was convened on 15thFebruary 2023 by Smt. C. Naga Rani, I.A.S, Director of Technical Education& Chairperson, SBTET, AP to discuss on revamping of C-20 curriculum to meet the needs of industries and for improvement of placements.

The meeting was attended by Sri. Saurab Gaur, I.A.S, Principal Secretary, Skill Development& Training, Smt. Lavanya Veni, I.A.S, Director, Employment& Training. Thirteen Representatives from Industries and Fourteen Academicians from Higher Level Institutions and officials of ITI, Skill Development, CTE & SBTET attended the workshop.

Smt. C Naga Rani, I.A.S., Commissioner of Technical Education while addressing in theworkshop, emphasized thenecessity of industrial training and on-hand experience, that the students need to undergoto support the industries and the Gaps in the Curriculum need to be fixed to make the students passionate to work in the industry in order to support economy of the country.

The committees of each branch consisting of experts from Industries, Higher Level InstitutionsandFacultyofPolytechnicsareinformedtostudythepossibilityofincorporating the following aspects while preparation of the curriculum so as to improve employability.

- TobringoutindustryorientedDiplomaEngineers.
- InternetofThings(IoT)forallbranches
- Theoretical&Practicalsubjects50:50Ratio
- Industry4.0concepts.
- 5G Technology.
- Critical Thinking (Quantitative Aptitude, Data Interpretation, Quantitative reasoning etc) to face the written tests conducted by the industries during placements.

Incontinuation, series of workshops with subject experts followed in the subsequent weeks for thorough perusal for preparation of draft curriculum. Also, the suggestions received from representatives from various industries, academic experts from higher level institutions, subject experts from Polytechnics, have been recorded, validated for incorporation into the Curriculum C-23. Finally, the draft curriculum was sent to academicians of higher-level institutions, industrial experts for Vetting.

The design of new Curricula C-23 for different diploma programmes has thus been finalised withtheactive participation of the members of the faculty teaching in the Polytechnics of Andhra Pradesh, and duly reviewed by Expert Committee constituted of academicians and representatives from industries. Thus, the primary objective of the curriculum change is to produce employable diplomaholders in the country by correlating the growing needs of the industries with relevant academic input.

The outcome-based approach as given by NBA guidelines has been followed throughout the design of this curriculum and designed to meet the requirements of NBA Accreditation, too.

TheRevisedCurriculumi.e.,Curriculum-2023(C-23)isapprovedby45<sup>th</sup>Academic Committee of SBTET,A.P foritsimplementation with effect fromAcademicYear2023-24. Also, the SBTET, A.P under the aegis of the Department of Technical Education, Andhra Pradeshinit's62<sup>nd</sup>BoardMeetingheldon13-07-2023(videitemno:17)Approvedtoupdate the Polytechnic Curriculum C-23 with effect from the academic year 2023-2024 onwards after revamping the presentC-20 curriculum, to meet the latest industrial technological developments including Industry 4.0 concepts.

#### 2.HIGHLIGHTSOFCURRICULUMC-23

The following Courses/ Topics are incorporated in this curriculum C-23 as per the suggestions received from Industrial Experts, Faculty of Higher Level Institutions and Polytechnics to improve the Employability Skills of the Polytechnic Students.

- 1. DurationofcourseforregularDiplomais3years.
- 2. The Curriculum is prepared in Semester Pattern. However, First Year is maintained as Yearwise pattern.
- $3. \ 6 Months Industrial training has been introduced for 3 years Diploma Courses in VI semester.$

- 4. Updated subjects/topics relevant to the industry are introduced in all courses atappropriate places.
- 5. The policy decisions taken at the State and Central level with regard to environmental scienceareimplemented by including relevant topics in Chemistry. This is also in accordance with the Supreme Court guidelines is sued in Sri Mehta's case.
- 6. Keepinginview the increasedneed of communication skills which is playing a majorrole inthesuccess of Diploma Level students in the industries, emphasis is given for learning and acquiring listening, speaking, reading and writing skills in English. Further as emphasized in the meetings, Communication Skills labard Life Skills labare continuing for all the branches.
- 7. CADspecifictothebranchhasbeengivenemphasisinthecurriculum.Preparingdrawings using CAD software has been given more importance.
- 8. Upon reviewing the existing C-20 curriculum, it is found that the theory content is found to havemoreweightagethanthePracticalcontent.InC-23curriculum,moreemphasisisgiven to the practical content in Laboratories and Workshops, thus strengthening the practical skills. The ratio of Theory & Practicals is 50:50.
- 9. With increased emphasis for the student to acquire Practical skills, the course content in all the subjects is thoroughly reviewed and structured as outcome based than the conventional procedure based.
- 10. Curriculum of Laboratory and Workshops have been thoroughly revised based on the suggestions received from the industry and faculty, for better utilization of the equipment available in the Polytechnics. The experiments /exercises that are chosen for the practical sessions are identified to confirm to the field requirements of industry.
- 11. The theory and practical subjects are restructured to find room for new theory and practical subjects to meet the present the industrial needs.
- 12. Aselectricvehiclesarethekeytechnologytodecarboniseroadtransport, it is important to learn about EV Technology. Hence, to meet the need of present technology a new subject titled "ELECTRICVEHICLETECHNOLOGY" is introduced in V semester.
- 13. A new laboratory titled "HYBRID POWER SYSTEMS LABORATORY" is introduced in IV semester in which industrial visits are made compulsory to bridge the gap between classroom learning and real-world circumstances and to aware the latest trends in industries which facilitates the students for better understanding of power system concepts.
- 14. To make the students effective and efficient in all aspects, three periods per week are allotted in every year/semester for STUDENT CENTRIC ACTIVITY in which student will be trained for placements or make use of library or participate in sports & games/clean & greenetc.

#### SPECIFICCHANGESINCORPORATEDINPRESENTCURRICULUMC-23

- a) The number of theory subjects in each semester is limited to 05 only by restructuring the related subjects/topics and deleting repeated/higher order topics. Similarly, the relevant laboratories are restructured to find room for new laboratories.
- b) Thedurationofengineeringdrawingismade03periodsbyreducingthesyllabuswhichis not necessary for Electrical & Electronics Engineering students.
- c) Toboostthetechnicalknowledgeforbetterunderstandingoftheoryconceptstheratioof Theory & Practical is made 50:50 in this C-23 curriculum.

- d) The Electrical Engineering Drawing I & II are restructured and made into one singleelectricaldrawingsubjectbydeletingthetopicswhichcoverintheorysubjectstofindspace for introducing new laboratories.
- e) AnewlaboratoryEE-410isintroducedinIVsemestertitledwithHYBRIDPOWERSYSTEM LABORATORY in which power systems practicals are introduced.
- f) Industrialvisitsplayakeyrolefortechnicalstudentswhichhelptobridgethegapbetween classroom learning and real-world job circumstances. Keeping this in view, the industrial visits are made compulsory in EE-410, HYBRID POWER SYSTEM LABORATORY and proper weightage is given for industrial visits.
- g) Anewtheory subjecttitled ELECTRIC VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY, EE-502 is introduced in Vsemesterinwhich EV technology and battery technology to pic sare introduced to meet the present industrial needs.
- h) MATLAB practicals are introduced in MATLAB PRACTICE LABORATORY, EE-506 in V semester in which simulation practicals are incorporated.
- i) SCADA practicals have been incorporated in PLC& SCADA laboratory, EE-507 in V semester to throw light on importance of SCADA in power system.

#### 3. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Members of the working group are grateful to Smt C. Naga Rani I.A.S., Commissioner of Technical Education & Chairman of SBTET, for continuous guidance and valuable inputs during process of revising, modifying and updating the Curriculum C-20 to Curriculum C-23.

WearegratefultoSri.S.SureshKumar,I.A.S,PrincipalSecretary,SkillsDevelopment & Training for his valuable suggestions to bring the revamped curriculum C-23 in to a final form to meet latest Industry 4.0 concepts.

We are grateful to Sri. Saurab Gaur, I.A.S, former Principal Secretary, Skills Development& Training who actively participated in the Industry-Academia workshop conducted on 15thFebruary, 2023 and offered valuable suggestions and insights into the learning needs and preferences so that the curriculum is engaging, inclusive, and effective.

It is pertinent to acknowledge the support of the following in the making of Curriculum C-23.A series of workshops in different phases were conducted by SBTET, AP, GunturinvolvingfacultyfromPolytechnics,PremierEngineeringColleges&representatives from various Industries and Dr. C. R. Nagendra Rao, Professor& Head, NITTTR-ECV to analyse the Previous C-20 Curriculum and in designing of C-23 Curriculum, is highly appreciated and gratefully acknowledged.

We also extend our sincere thanks to Sri K.V. Ramana Babu, Secretary, SBTE&T, Andhra Pradesh, Sri K.Vijaya Bhaskar, Former Secretary, SBTET, Andhra Pradesh, Sri. V.Padma Rao, Joint Director of Technical Education, officials of Directorate of Technical Education and the State Board of Technical Education, Andhra Pradesh and all teaching fraternityfromthePolytechnicswhoaredirectlyorindirectlyinvolvedinpreparationofthe curricula.

#### 4. RULESANDREGULATIONSOFC-23 CURRICULUM

#### Durationandpatternofthecourses

All the Diploma programs run at various institutions are of AICTE approved 3 years or 3½ years duration of academic instruction. All the Diploma courses are run on yearwise pattern in the first year, and the remaining two or two & half years are run in the semester pattern. In respect of few courses likeDiplomainBio-Medical course, the training will bein the seventh semester. Run-through system is adopted for all the Diploma Courses, subject to eligibility conditions.

#### Procedure for Admission into the Diploma Courses:

Selection of candidates is governed by the Rules and Regulations laid down in this regard from time to time.

- a) CandidateswhowishtoseekadmissioninanyoftheDiplomacourseswillhavetoappear for the Common Entrance Test for admissions into Polytechnics (POLYCET) conducted by the State Board of Technical Education and Training, Andhra Pradesh, Vijayawada. Only the candidates satisfying the following requirements will be eligible to appear for the Common Entrance Test for admissions into Polytechnics (POLYCET).
  - a. The candidates seeking admission should have appeared for S.S.C examination, conducted by the Board of Secondary Education, Andhra Pradesh or equivalent examination thereto, at the time of applying for the Common Entrance Test for admissions into Polytechnics (POLYCET). In case of candidates whose results of their Qualifying Examinations is pending, their selection shall be subject to productionofproofoftheirpassingthequalifyingexaminationinoneattemptor compartmentally at the time of admission.
  - b. Admissions are madebased on the merit obtained in the Common Entrance Test (POLYCET) and the reservation rules stipulated by the Government of Andhra Pradesh from time to time.
  - c. ForadmissionintothefollowingDiplomaCoursesforwhichentryqualificationis 10+2, candidates need not appear for POLYCET. A separate notification will be issued for admission into these courses.
    - i).D.HMCTii).D.Pharmacy

#### MediumofInstruction

The medium of instruction and examinations hall be English.

#### PermanentIdentificationNumber(PIN)

Acumulative/academicrecordistobemaintainedoftheMarkssecuredinsessional workandendexamination of each yearfordeterminingtheeligibilityforpromotion etc., A Permanent Identification Number (PIN) will be allotted to each admitted candidate to maintain academic records.

#### Number of Working Days Per Semester/Year:

- a) The Academic year for all the Courses shall be in accordance with the Academic Calendar.
- b) The Workingdaysina weekshall be from Monday to Saturday

- c) Thereshallbe7periodsof50minutesdurationeachonallworkingdays.
- d) The minimum number of working days for each semester / year shall be 90 / 180 daysexcludingexaminationdays. If this prescribed minimum is not achieved due to any reason, special arrangements shall be made to conduct classes to complete the syllabus.

#### Eligibility(AttendancetoAppearfortheEndExamination)

- a) A candidate shall be permitted to appear for the end examination in all subjects, if he or she has attended a minimum of 75% of working days during the year/Semester.
- b) Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above andbelow75%)ineachsemesteror1styearmay begrantedonmedicalgrounds.
- c) A stipulated fee shall be payable towards condonation for shortage of attendance.
- d) Candidateshavinglessthan65%attendanceshallbedetained.
- e) Students whose shortageof attendance is not condoned in any semester / 1styear and not paid the condonation fee in time are not eligible to take their end examination of that class and their admissions shall stand cancelled. They may seek re-admission for that semester / 1styear when offered in the next subsequent academic semester/year.

#### ForINDUSTRIALTRAINING:

- $i)\ During Industrial Training the candidates hall put in a minimum of 90\% attendance.$
- ii) If the student fails to secure 90% attendance during industrial training, the student shallreappearfor6monthsindustrialtraining at hisownexpenses.

#### Readmission

Readmission shall be granted to eligible candidates by the respective Principal/Regional Joint Director.

- a) (i) Within 15 days after commencement of class work in any semester (Except Industrial Training).
  - (ii)ForIndustrialTraining:beforecommencementoftheIndustrialtraining.
- b) Within 30 days after commencement of class work in any year (including D. PharmacycourseorfirstyearcourseinEngineeringandNon-Engineering Diploma streams). Otherwise, such cases shall not be considered for readmissionfor that semester / year and are advised to seek readmission in the nextsubsequent eligible academic year.
- c) The percentage of attendance of the readmitted candidates shall be calculated from the first day of beginning of the regular class work for that year / Semester, as officially announced by CTE/SBTET but not from the day on which he/she has actually reported to the class work.

#### **Schemeof Evaluation**

#### a) First Year

**Theory Courses:** Each Course carries Maximum marks of 80 with an end examination of 3 hours duration, along within ternal assessment for Maximum of

20marks.(Sessionalmarks). However,there are nominimummarks prescribed for sessionals.

**Laboratory Courses:** There shall be 40/20 Marks for internal assessment i.e. sessional marks for each practical Course with an end examination of 3 hours duration carrying 60/30 marks. However, there are no minimum marks prescribed for sessional.

#### b) III,IV,V,VIandVII Semesters:

**TheoryCourses**: Endsemesterevaluationshallbeof3hoursdurationandfora maximum of 80 marks.

**Laboratory Courses:** Each Course carry 60/30 marks of 3 hours duration 40/20 sessional marks.

#### InternalAssessmentScheme

a) Theory Courses: Internal assessment shall be conducted for awarding Sessional marks on the dates specified. Three-unit tests shall be conducted for I year students and two Unit Tests for semesters. The details are presented below.

	TypeofAssessment	Weightage
S.		Assigned
No.		
(i)	Testingofknowledgethroughmid-examinationfor	40
	year/semas(Mid-1+Mid-2+Mid3)or(Mid-1+Mid-2)	
(ii)	Assignments	5
(iii)	Dynamic Learning activities : Project Work/ Seminar/Tech-	
	fest/Group Discussion, Quizzes etc./Extra-curricular	5
	activities/NSS/NCC/IPSGM/Cleaning&GreeningofCampus	
	etc.	
	TOTAL	50

Internal Assessment shall be of 90 minutes duration and for a maximum of 40 marksfor each test.

At least one assignment should be completed for each unit which carries 10 marks. The total assignment marks should be reduced to 5.

The dynamic learning activity is to be conducted which carries 10 marks. The total marks should be reduced to 5.

The total 50 marks as signed to internal as signment is to be scaled down to 20 marks.

#### b) PracticalCourses:

#### (i) **DrawingCourses:**

The award of Sessional marks for internal Assessment shall be as given in the following table:

DistributionofMarksfortheInternalAssessmentMarks							
FirstYea	r(Total:40Marks)	Semesters(Total:40Marks)					
Max:20	Max:20Marks	Max:20Marks	Max:20Marks				
Marks							
From the	From the Averageof	FromtheAverageof	From the Average of				
Averageof Assessment of Regular		TWO Unit Tests.	Assessment ofRegular				
THREE Unit	Class work Exercises.		Class work Exercises.				
Tests.							

- Forfirstyearengineeringdrawingeachunittestwillbeconductedforaduration of 2 hours with maximum marks of 40.
- ➤ (Part-A:4questionsx5marks=20Marks;Part-B:2questionsx10marks=20 marks).
- Forthesemesterdrawingexaminations, Two Unittests shall be conducted asper the Board End Examination Question Paper Pattern.
- ➤ All Drawing exercises are to be filed in serial order and secured for further scrutiny by a competent authority

#### (ii) LaboratoryCourses:

- (a) Student'sperformanceinLaboratories/ Workshop shall beassessedduring theyear/semesterofstudyfor40marksineachpracticalCourse.
- **(b)** EvaluationforLaboratoryCourses,otherthanDrawingcourses:
- i. Instruction (teaching) in laboratory courses (except for the course on Drawing) here after shall be task/competency based as delineated in the Laboratory sheets, preparedby SBTET, AP & NITTTR- ECVand postedin SBTETwebsite.
- ii. Internal assessment for Laboratory shall be done on the basis of task/s performedbythestudentasdelineatedin thelaboratorysheets,preparedby SBTET, AP & NITTTR- ECV and posted in AP, SBTET website.
- iii. Question paper for End semester Evaluation shall also be task/s based and shall be prepared and distributed by SBTET as done in case of theory courses be prepared as per SBTET rules in vogue.
- c) Internal assessment in Labs / workshops / Survey field work etc., during the course of study shall be done and sessional marks shall be awarded by the concerned Teacher.
- d) For practical examinations, except in drawing, there shall be two examiners. External examiner shall be appointed by the Principal in consultation with respective Head of Section preferably choosing a qualified person from in the order of preference.
  - i) NearbyIndustry
  - ii) Govt / Semi Govt organization like R& B, PWD, PR, Railways, BSNL, APSRTC, APSEBetc.
  - iii) Govt/UniversityEnggCollege.
  - iv) HoD/SeniorLecture (SelectionGrade-II)fromtheGovt. Polytechnic

- Internal examiner shall be the person concerned with internal assessment as in (c) above. The endexamination shall be held along with all theory papers in respect of drawing.
- e) Question Paper for Practicals: Question paper should cover (the experiments / exercise prescribed to test various) skills like handling, manipulating, testing, trouble shooting, repair, assembling and dismantling etc., from more than one experiment/ exercise
- f) Records pertaining to internal assessment marks of both theory and practical Courses are to be maintained for official inspection.
- g) In case of Diploma programs having Industrial Training, Internal Assessment and Summative Evaluation, shall be done as illustrated in the following table:

Assessment	Upon completion of	Ву	Basedon	Max Marks	
1	12weeks	1. The faculty concerned (Guide) and 2. Trainingin	Learningoutcomesas givenintheschemeof assessment,for	120	
2	22weeks	charge (Mentor) of the industry	Industrial Training	120	
3. Final		1.Thefaculty member	1. Demonstration of any oneoftheskillslistedin learningoutcomes	30	
summative Evaluation	24week	concerned, 2.HoDconcerned and 3.Anexternal examiner	2.TrainingReport  3.VivaVoce	10	
TOTAL					

h) Eachstaffmemberincluding HeadofSectionshallbeassignedabatchof students 10 to 15 for making assessment during industrial training.

#### MinimumPassMarks

#### a) Theory Examination:

For passing a theory Course, a candidate has to secure a minimum of 35% in end examinationandacombinedminimumof35%ofbothSessionalandendexamination marks put together.

#### b) Practical Examination:

For passing a practical Course, a candidate has to secure a minimum of 50% in end examination and acombined minimum of 50% of both sessional and practical end

examination marks put together. In case of D.C.C.P., the pass mark for typewriting and short hand is 45% in the end examination. There are no sessional marks for typewriting and Shorthand Courses of D.C.C.P course.

#### C) IndustrialTraining:

- I. Monitoring:Similartoprojectworkeachteachermaybeassignedabatchof 10-15 students irrespective of the placement of the students to facilitateeffectivemonitoringofstudentslearningduringindustrialtraining.
- II. Assessment: The Industrial training shall carry 300 marks and pass marks is 50% in assessments at industry (first and second assessment) and final summative assessment at institution level put together i.e. 150 marks out of 300 marks. And also student has to secure 50% marks in final summative assessment at institution level.
- III. In-PlantIndustrialTrainingfor3-YearDiploma(C-23)Coursesisscheduled as per the Academic Calendar of the SBTET every year.

#### ProvisionforImprovement

Improvementisallowedonlyafterhe/shehascompletedalltheCoursesfromFirst Year to Final semester of the Diploma.

- a) Improvementisallowedinany4(Four)CoursesoftheDiploma.
- b) Thestudentcanavailofthisimprovementchance ONLYONCE, that too within the succeeding two examinations after the completion of Diploma. However, the duration including Improvement examination shall not exceed FIVE years from the year of first admission.
- c) No improvement is allowed in Practical / Lab Courses or Project work or Industrial Training assessment. However, improvement in drawing Course(s) is allowed.
- d) If improvement is not achieved, the marks obtained in previous Examinations hold good.
- e) ImprovementisnotallowedinrespectofthecandidateswhoarepunishedunderMal-practice in any Examination.
- f) ExaminationfeeforimprovementshallbepaidasperthenotificationissuedbyState Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time.
- g) Allthecandidateswhowishtoappearforimprovementofperformanceshalldeposit the original Marks Memos of all the years / Semesters and also original Diploma Certificate to the Board.If there is improvement in performance of the current examination, the revised Memorandum of marks and Original Diploma Certificate will be issued, else the submitted originals will be returned.

#### RulesofPromotionFrom1<sup>ST</sup>YEARTO3<sup>rd</sup>,4<sup>th</sup>,5<sup>th</sup>,6<sup>th</sup>and7<sup>th</sup>Semesters:

#### A) ForDiplomaCoursesof3Yearsduration

- i). Acandidates hall be permitted to appear for first year examination provided he sheputs in 75% attendance (which can be condoned on Medical grounds up to 10%) and pay the examination fee.
- ii) A candidate shall be promoted to 3rd semester if he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the first year and pays the examination fee.A candidatewhocouldnotpaythefirstyearexaminationfeehastopaythe

promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training, AP from time to time before commencement of 3rd semester.

Acandidateiseligibletoappearforthe3rdsemesterexaminationifhe/sheputsthe requiredpercentageofattendanceinthe3rdsemesterandpaystheexamination fee.

- iii) A candidate shall be promoted to 4th semester provided he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 3rd semester and pay the examination fee. A candidate, who could not pay the 3rd semester exam fee, has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training AP from time to time before commencement of 4th semester. A candidate is eligible to appear for the 4th semester examination if he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 4th semester and pays the examination fee.
- iv) A candidate shall be promoted to 5th semester provided he / she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 4th semester and pays the examination fee. A candidate, who could not pay the 4th semester examination fee, has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 5th semester.

A candidate is eligible to appear for the 5<sup>th</sup>semester examination if he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 5<sup>th</sup>semester and pays the examination fee.

v) A candidate shall be sent to Industrial training / VI semester provided he/she puts in the required percentage of attendance in the 5th semester and pay the examination fee/ promotion fee as prescribed by SBTET.

A candidate is eligible to appear for Industrial Training assessment (Seminar/Viva-voce)putstherequiredpercentageofattendance,i.e.,90%in6th semester Industrial Training.

#### ForIVC&ITILateralEntry students:

- i.) A candidate shall be permitted to appear for Third Semester examination provided he / she puts in 75% attendance (which can be condoned on Medical grounds up to 10%) and pay the examination fee for Third semester.
- ii) A candidate shall be promoted to 4th semester provided he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 3rd semester and pay the examination fee. A candidate, who could not pay the 3rd semester exam fee, has to pay the promotion feeasprescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training AP from time to time before commencement of 4th semester.

A candidate is eligible to appear for the 4th semester examination if he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 4th semester and pays the examination fee.

ii) Acandidateshallbepromotedto5thsemesterprovidedhe/sheputstherequired percentage of attendance in the 4thsemester and pays the examination fee. A candidate,whocouldnotpaythe4thsemesterexaminationfee,hastopaythe

promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 5th semester.

A candidate is eligible to appear for the 5<sup>th</sup>semester examination if he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 5<sup>th</sup>semester and pays the examination fee.

iii) A candidate shall be sent to Industrial training / VI semester provided he/she puts in the required percentage of attendance in the 5th semester and pay the examination fee/ promotion fee as prescribed by SBTET.

A candidate is eligible to appear for Industrial Training assessment (Seminar/Viva-voce) putsther equired percentage of attendance, i.e., 90% in 6th semester Industrial Training and pays the examination fee.

#### B) ForDiplomaCoursesof3½Yearsduration(MET/CH/CHPP/CHPC/CHOT/TT):

- i. A candidate shall be permitted to appear for 1styear examination provided he / she puts in 75% attendance (which can be condoned on Medical grounds upto 10%) i.e.attendanceaftercondonationonMedicalgroundsshouldnotbelessthan65% and pay the examination fee.
- ii. A candidate shall be promoted to 3<sup>rd</sup>semester if he/she puts the requiredpercentage of attendance in the 1<sup>st</sup>year and pays the examination fee.A candidate who could not pay the 1<sup>st</sup>year examination fee has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 3<sup>rd</sup>semester.
- iii. A candidate shall be promoted to 4th semester provided he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 3rd semester and pay the examination fee. A candidate, who could not pay the 3rd semester exam fee, has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 4th semester.

A candidate is eligible to appear for the 4th semester exam if he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 4th semester

#### **ForIVC&ITILateralEntry students:**

- a) Putstherequiredpercentageofattendanceinthe4thsemester
- iv. Acandidateshallbepromotedto5thsemesterindustrialtrainingprovidedhe/ she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 4th semester and pays the examination fee. A candidate, who could not pay the 4th semester examination fee, has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 5th semester.
- v. Promotionfrom5thto6thsemesterisautomatic(i.e.,from1stspellofIndustrial Training to 2nd spell) provided he/she puts the required percentage of attendance, which in this case ie.,90 % of attendance and attends for the VIVA-VOCE examination at the end of training.
- vi. A candidate shall be promoted to 7th semester provided he / she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 6th semester and pays the examination fee. A candidate, who could not pay the 6th semester examination fee, has to pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 7th semester.
- vii. Acandidateshallbepromotedto7thsemesterofthecourseprovidedhe/shehas successfully completed both the spells of Industrial Training.

Acandidateiseligibletoappearfor7thsemesterexaminationifhe/she

a) Putsintherequiredpercentageofattendanceinthe7thsemester

#### ForIVC&ITILateralEntry students:

a) Puts in the required percentage of attendance in the 7th semester.

#### C) ForDiplomaCourses of 3½ Years duration (BM):

The same rules which are applicable for conventional courses also apply for this course. The industrial training in respect of this course is restricted to one semester (6 months) afterthe6<sup>th</sup>semester(3years)ofthecourse.

- i. A candidate shall be permitted to appear for first year examination provided he/sheputsin75%attendance(which can be condoned on Medical grounds upto 10%) i.e. attendance after condonation on Medical grounds should not be less than 65% and pay the examination fee.
- ii. A candidate shall be promoted to 3<sup>rd</sup>semester if he/she puts the required percentage of attendance in the first year and pays the examination fee.A candidate who could not pay the first year examination fee has to pay the promotionfeeasprescribedbyStateBoardofTechnicalEducationand Training from time to time before commencement of 3<sup>rd</sup>semester.
- iii. A candidate shall be promoted to 4th semester provided he/she puts therequired percentage of attendance in the 3rd semester and pay the examination fee. A candidate who could not pay the 3rd semester examination fee, hasto pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 4th semester.
  - Acandidateiseligibletoappearforthe4thsemesterexaminationifhe/she
  - a) Putsintherequiredpercentageofattendanceinthe4thsemester

#### **ForIVC&ITILateralEntry Students:**

Acandidateiseligibletoappearforthe4<sup>th</sup>semesterexaminationifhe/sheputs therequiredpercentageofattendancein the4<sup>th</sup>semester

- iv. A candidate shall be promoted to 5th semester provided he / she puts the required percentage of attendance in the 4th semester and pays the examination fee. A candidate, who could not pay the 4th semester examination fee, hasto pay the promotion fee as prescribed by State Board of Technical Education and Training from time to time before commencement of 5th semester.
  - Acandidateiseligibletoappearforthe5thsemesterexamifhe/she
  - a) Putsintherequiredpercentageofattendanceinthe5thsemester.

#### **ForIVC&ITILateralEntry students**:

- a) Puts in the required percentage of attendance in the  $5^{th}$  semester.
- v. A candidate shall be promoted to  $6^{th}$ semester provided he/she puts in the required percentage of attendance in the  $5^{th}$ semester and pays the examination fee.
  - A candidate who could not pay the  $5^{th}$ semester examination fee, has to pay the promotionfeeasprescribedbyStateBoardofTechnicalEducationand Training from time to time before commencement of  $6^{th}$ semester.
  - Acandidateiseligibletoappearfor6<sup>th</sup>semesterexamination
  - a) Putsintherequiredpercentageofattendancein6thsemester

#### IVC&ITILateralEntrystudents:

- a) Putsintherequiredpercentageofattendancein6thsemester.
- vi. A candidate shall be promoted to 7th semester provided he/she puts in the requiredpercentage of attendance in 6th semester and pay the examinationfee. Acandidate, who could not pay the 6th semester examination fee, hast o pay the promotion fee prescribed by SBTET from time to time before commencement of the 7th semester (Industrial Training).

Acandidateiseligibletoappearfor7thsemesterIndustrialTrainingassessment (Seminar/Viva-voce) if he/she

a) Puts in the required percentage of attendance, ie., 90% in 7th semester Industrial Training.

#### **ForIVC&ITILateralEntry students**:

a) Puts in the required percentage of attendance, i.e., 90% in 7<sup>th</sup>semester Industrial Training.

#### StudentsPerformanceEvaluation

SuccessfulcandidatesshallbeawardedtheDiplomaunderthefollowingdivisionsof pass.

- a) FirstClasswithDistinctionshallbeawardedtothecandidateswhosecureanoverall aggregate of 75% marks and above.
- b) FirstClassshallbeawardedtocandidateswhosecureoverallaggregateof60%marks and above and below 75% marks.
- c) SecondClassshallbeawardedtocandidateswhosecureapasswithanoverall aggregate of below 60%.
  - i. The Weightage of marks for various year/Semesters which are taken for computing overall aggregate shall be 25% of I year marks + 100% of 3<sup>rd</sup> and subsequent Semesters.
  - ii. In respect IVC & ITI Lateral Entry candidates who are admitted directly into diploma course at the 3<sup>rd</sup>semester (i.e., second year) level the aggregate of (100%) marks secured at the 3<sup>rd</sup>and subsequent semesters of study shall be taken into consideration for determining the overall percentage of marks secured by the candidates for award of class/division.
- d) SecondClassshallbeawardedtoallstudents,whofailtocompletetheDiplomain theregular3years/3½yearsandfoursubsequentexaminationsfromtheyearof first admission.

#### **EXAMINATIONFEESCHEDULE:**

The examination fees hould be asperthen otification is sued by State Board of Technical Education and Training, AP from time to time.

#### StructureofExaminationQuestionPaper:

- I. Formativeassessment(Internalexamination)
- a) FortheoryCourses:

Three-unit tests for firstyear and two-unit tests for semesters shall be conducted withaduration of 90 minutes for each test for maximum marks of 40. It consists of part A and Part B.

**PartA**containsfivequestionsandcarries16marks.Amongthesefivequestions firstquestionconsistsoffourobjectiveitemslikeonewordorphrase answer/filling-in the blanks/true or false etc with one mark for each question. The other four questions are short answer questions and carry three marks each.

**Part B** carries 24 marks and consists of three questions with internal choice ie., Either/Or type, and eachquestion carries8 marks.

The sum of marks of 3 tests for I year and 2 tests for semesters including assignments and Dynamic learning activities (50 marks) shall be reduced to 20 marks in each Course for arriving at final sessional marks.

#### b) FordrawingCourses:

#### For I year:

Three-unittestswithduration of 90 minutes and formaximum marks of 40 marks shall be conducted for first year. It consists of part A and Part B.

Part A consists four questions for maximum marks of 16 and each question carries four marks (4×4 marks=16 marks).

Part B carries maximum marks of 24 and consists of five questions while the student shall answer any three questions out of these five questions. Each question in this part carries a maximum mark of 8, (3×8 marks=24 marks).

The sum of marks obtained in 3-unit test marks shall be reduced to 20 marks for arriving at final sessional marks. Remaining 20 marks are awarded by the Course teacher basedonthestudent'sperformanceduring regular class exercise.

**For semester:** Two-unit tests with duration of 90 minutes and for maximum marksof 40 marks shall be conducted. The sum of marks obtained in 2-unit test marks shall be reduced to 20 marks for arriving at final sessional marks. Remaining 20 marks are awarded by the Course teacher based on the student's performanced uring regular class exercise.

c) For Laboratory /workshop:50% of total marks for the Course shall be awarded based on continuous assessment of the student in laboratory/workshop classes and theremaining50%shallbebasedonthesumofthemarksobtainedbythestudentsin two tests.

#### II. Summativeassessment(Endexamination)

The question paper for theory examination is patterned in such a manner that the Weightageofperiods/marksallottedforeachofthetopicsforaparticularCoursebe considered. End Examination paper is of 3 hours duration.

#### a) EachtheorypaperconsistsofSection'A' and'B'

**Section'A'withMaxmarksof30**, contains 10 shortans were questions. All questions are to be answered and each carry 3 marks, i.e., 10x3=30.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Section 'B' with Maxmarks of 50 contains 8 & essay type questions. Only 5 questions are to be answered and each carry 10 marks, i.e., Max. Marks: <math>5x10=50$ .

Thus, the total marks for theory examinations hall be: 80.

#### b) For Engineering Drawing Course (107) consist of section 'A' and section 'B'.

**Section'A'withmaxmarksof20**, contains four (4) questions. All questions in section'A'aretobeansweredtothescaleandeach carries5marks,ie.4x5=20.

**Section 'B' with max marks of 40,** contains six (6) questions. The student shall answer any four (4) questions out of the above six questions and each question carries 10 Marks, i.e.,  $4 \times 10 = 40$ .

#### c) PracticalExaminations

ForWorkshoppracticeandLaboratoryExaminations,Eachstudenthastopickup a question paper distributed by Lottery System.

Max.Marksforanexperiment/exercise: 50Max.MarksforVIVA-VOCE: 10TotalMax.Marks: 60

Incaseofpracticalexaminationswith50marks,themarks shallbedistributedas

Max.Marksforanexperiment/exercise:25Max.MarksforVIVA-VOCE:05TotalMax.Marks:30

Incase of any change in the pattern of question paper, the same shall be informed sufficiently in advance to the candidates.

#### $d) \begin{tabular}{ll} Note: Evaluation for Laboratory Courses, other than Drawing courses: \\ \end{tabular}$

- I. Instruction (teaching) in laboratory courses (except for the course on Drawing)hereaftershallbetask/competencybasedasdelineatedinthe Laboratory sheets, prepared by SBTET, AP and posted in its website.
- II. Internal assessment for Laboratory shall be done on basis of task/s performed by the student as delineated in the laboratory sheets, prepared by SBTET, AP and posted in its website.
- III. Question paper for End semester Evaluation shall be prepared as per SBTET rules in vogue.

#### **ISSUEOFMEMORONDUMOFMARKS**

All candidates who appear for the end examination will be issued memorandum of marks without any payment of fee. However candidates who lose the original memorandumofmarkshavetopaytheprescribedfeetotheSecretary,StateBoardof Technical Education and Training, A.P. for each duplicate memo from time to time.

#### MAXIMUMPERIODFORCOMPLETIONOFDIPLOMAPROGRAMMES:

Maximum period for completion of the diploma courses is twice the duration of the course from the date of First admission (includes the period of detention and discontinuation of studies by student etc) failing which they will have to forfeit the claim for qualifying for the award of Diploma (They will not be permitted to appear for examinations afterthat date). This rule applies forall Diploma courses of 3 years and 3 ½ years of engineering and non-engineering courses.

#### **ELIGIBILITYFORAWARDOFDIPLOMA**

A candidate is eligible for award of Diploma Certificate if he / she fulfil the following academic regulations.

- i. He/Shepursuedacourseofstudyfornotlessthan3/3½academicyears&not more than 6 / 7 academic years.
- ii. He/she havecompleted alltheCourses.

  Students who fail to fulfil all the academic requirements for the award of the Diploma within 6 / 7 academic years from the year of admission shall forfeit their seat in the course & their seat shall stand cancelled.

#### **ForIVC&ITILateral Entry students**:

- i. He/Shepursuedacourseofstudyfornotlessthan2/2½academicyears&not more than 4 / 5 academic years.
- ii. He/shehascompletedalltheCourses.

  Students who fail to fulfil all the academic requirements for the award of the Diploma within 4 / 5 academic years from the year of admission shall forfeit their seat in the course & their seat shall stand cancelled.

### ISSUEOFPHOTOCOPYOFVALUEDANSWERSCRIPT,RECOUNTING&REVERIFICATI ON:

#### A) FORISSUEOFPHOTOCOPIESOFVALUEDANSWERSCRIPTS

- A candidate desirous of applying for Photo copy of valued answer script/s should apply within prescribed date from the date of the declaration of the result.
- II. Photocopiesofvaluedanswerscriptswillbeissuedtoall theoryCoursesand Drawing Course (s).
- III. The Photo copy of valued answer script will be dispatched to the concerned candidate's address as mentioned in the application form by post.
- IV. Noapplicationcanbeentertainedfromthirdparties.

#### B) FORRE-COUNTING(RC)andRE-

#### VERIFICATION(RV)OFTHEVALUEDANSWER SCRIPT

- i. AcandidatedesirousofapplyingforRe-verificationofvaluedanswerscript should apply within prescribed date from the date of the declaration of the result.
- ii. Re-verificationofvaluedanswerscriptshallbedoneforalltheoryCourses' and Drawing Course(s).
- iii. TheRe-verificationcommitteeconstitutedbytheSecretary,SBTETAPwith Course experts shall re-verify the answer scripts.

#### I. <u>RE-COU</u>NTING

TheOfficerofSBTETwillverifythemarkspostedandrecountthemin the already valued answer script. The variations if any will be recorded separately,withoutmakinganychangesonthealreadyvaluedanswerscript. The marks awarded in the original answer script are maintained (hidden).

#### II. RE-VERIFICATION

- (i) The Committee has to verify the intactness and genuineness of the answer script(s) placed for Re-verification.
- (ii) Initially single membershall carryout the re-verification.
- (iii) Onre-verificationbysinglemember,ifthevariationislessthan12%of maximummarks,andifthereisnochangeintheSTATUSintheresult ofthecandidate,suchcaseswillnotbereferredtothenextlevelie.,for 2-Tier evaluation.
- (iv) On re-verification by a single member, if the variation is more than 12% of maximum marks, it will be referred to 2-Tier evaluation.
- (v) If the 2-Tier evaluation confirms variation in marks as more than 12% of maximum marks, the variation is considered as follows:
  - a) If the candidate has already passed and obtains more than 12% of the maximum marks on Re-verification, then the variation is considered.
  - b) If the candidate is failed and obtains more than 12% of the maximum marks on Re-verification and secured pass marks on re-verification, then the status of the candidate changes to PASS.
  - c) If a candidate failed and obtains more than 12% of the maximum marks on Re-verification and if the marks secured on re-verification are still less than the minimum pass marks, the status of the candidate remain FAIL only.
- (vii) AfterRe-verificationofvaluedanswerscriptthesameorchangeifany therein on Re-verification, will be communicated to the candidate.
- (viii) OnRe-verificationofValuedAnswerScriptifthecandidate'smarksare revised, the fee paid by the candidate will be refunded or else the candidate has to forfeit the fee amount.

**Note:**NorequestforPhotocopies/Recounting/Re-verificationofvaluedanswerscript would be entertained from a candidate who is reported to have resorted to Malpractice in that examination.

#### MalPracticeCases:

IfanycandidateresortstoMalPracticeduringexaminations,he/sheshallbebooked andthePunishmentshallbeawardedasperSBTETAPrulesandregulationsinvogue.

#### Discrepancies/Pleas:

Any Discrepancy /Pleas regarding results etc., shall be represented to the SBTETAP withinonemonthfromthedateofissueofresults. Thereafter, no such cases shall be entertained in any manner.

#### IssueofDuplicateDiploma

Ifacandidateloseshis/heroriginalDiplomaCertificateanddesiresaduplicatetobe issuedhe/sheshouldproducewrittenevidencetothiseffect.He/shemayobtaina

duplicatefromtheSecretary,StateBoardofTechnicalEducationandTraining,A.P., on payment of prescribed fee and on production of an affidavit signedbefore a First ClassMagistrate(Judicial)andnon-traceablecertificatefromtheDepartmentof Police.IncaseofdamageoforiginalDiplomaCertificate,he/shemayobtaina duplicate certificate by surrendering the original damaged certificate on payment of prescribedfeetotheStateBoardofTechnicalEducationandTraining,A.P.

IncasethecandidatecannotcollecttheoriginalDiplomawithin1yearfromthedate of issue of the certificate, the candidate has to pay the penalty prescribed by the SBTET AP from time to time.

#### IssueofMigrationCertificateandTranscripts:

The Board on payment of prescribed fee will issue these certificates for the candidates whointendtoprosecuteHigherStudiesinIndiaorAbroad.

#### General

- i. The Board may change or amend the academic rules and regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all the students, for whom it is intended, with effect from the dates notified by the competent authority.
- ii. AlllegalmatterspertainingtotheStateBoardofTechnicalEducationandTraining, AP are within the jurisdiction of Mangalagiri.
- iii. In case of any ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Secretary, SBTET, A.P is final.

#### **C-23CurriculumforDEEE**

#### WithIndustrialtraining(In-house)inSemesterVI

#### VISION

To develop Electrical &ElectronicsEngineering professionals competent to face the global challenges in a Edifyingenvironment conducive to learn technical knowledge, skills blended with ethics and values, to Coordinate and serve to the society for bettermentand comfortable living.

#### **MISSION**

M1	To provide a competitive learning environment, through a need based curriculum designed incollaboration within dustry, conducive for high quality education emphasising on transfer of knowledge and skill development essential for the profession and the society as well.
M2	To nurture higher order leadership qualities and ethics and values in students to enable themtobeleadersintheirchosen professionswhilemaintainingthehighestlevelofethics.
M3	Toencouragethe spiritofinquisitiontopromoteinnovationandentrepreneurship strengthened with life skills to sustain the stress.
M4	Tofostereffectiveinteractions and networking with all the stakeholders so as towork towards the growth and sustainability of the society and environment.

#### ProgrammeEducationalObjectives(PEOs)

On completion of the Diploma Electrical & Electronics Engineering programme, the students should have acquired the following characteristics

PEO1	Anabilitytoapplyknowledgeofmathematics, Science, engineering and management principles in solving problems in the field of Electrical and Electronics Engineering.
PEO2	Tobelife-longlearnerswithspritofenquiryandzealtoacquirenewknowledgeandskills so as to remain contemporary and posses required professional skills.
PEO3	Toenhanceentrepreneurial,communicationandothersoftskills,whichwillenablethem to work globally as leaders, team members and contribute to nation building for the betterment of the society.
PEO4	Tomakethemstronglycommittedtothehighestlevelsofprofessionalethicsandfocus on ensuring quality, adherence to public policy andlaw, safety, reliability and environmental sustainability in all their professional activities

#### PROGRAMMEOUTCOMES(POs)

- Basicanddisciplinespecificknowledge: Applyknowledgeofbasicmathematics, scienceand engineeringfundamentals and engineering specialization to solve the engineering problems.
- Problemanalysis:Identifyandanalysewell-definedengineeringproblemsusingstandard methods
- 3. **Design/Developmentofsolutions**:Designsolutionsforwell-definedtechnicalproblems and assist with the design of systems components or processes to meet specified needs
- 4. **Engineeringtools,ExperimentationandTesting**:Applymodernengineeringtoolsand appropriate technique to conduct standard tests and measurements.
- Engineeringpracticesforsociety, sustainability and environment: Applyappropriate technology in context of society, sustainability, environment and ethical practices.
- Project Management: Use engineering management principles individually, as a team memberoraleadertomanageprojectsandeffectivelycommunicateaboutwelldefined engineering activities.
- 7. **Life-Longlearning**: Ability to an alyse individual needs and engaging updating in the context of technological changes.

#### PROGRAMMESPECIFICOUTCOMES(PSOs)

- 1. AnabilitytounderstandthebasicconceptsofElectrical&ElectronicsEngineeringandtoapply them to various areas likeWiring Installations, Lighting Schemes, Static & Rotating machinery, drawinglayouts, Power System (Generation, Transmission, Distribution & utilisation), Digital electronics, power control devices, Computer programming, managerial skillsand the use SMART technologies.
- 2. An ability to Repair, develop and troubleshooting of Various Electrical & Electronics equipment's by using suitable tools and techniques, to design Customized applications in Electrical & Electronics Engineering at economic and efficient considerations, to develop software & hardware solutions.
- 3. Wisdom of social and environmental awareness along with ethical responsibility to have a successful career and to sustain passion and zeal in the field of Electrical & Electronics Engineering for real-world applications in the field of Electronics using optimal resources as an Entrepreneur.

# FIRST YEAR

## DIPLOMAINELECTRICAL&ELECTRONICSENGINEERING SCHEME OF INSTRUCTIONS AND EXAMINATIONS

(FIRST YEAR)		Instruction periods/week		Total	Schemeof Examination			
Subject Code	NameoftheSubject	Theory	Practical/ Tutorial	Periods /year	Duration (hours)	Sessional Marks	End Exam Marks	Total Marks
			THEOF	RY				
EE-101	English	3	1	90	3	20	80	100
EE-102	Engineering Mathematics-I	5	-	150	3	20	80	100
EE-103	EngineeringPhysics	3	-	90	3	20	80	100
EE-104	Engineering chemistry & Environmental studies	3	-	90	3	20	80	100
EE-105	ElectricalEngineering MaterialScience	4	-	120	3	20	80	100
EE-106	BasicElectrical Technology	6	-	180	3	20	80	100
			PRACTIO	CAL				
EE-107	EngineeringDrawing	·	3	90	3	40	60	100
EE-108	ElectricalWiring Laboratory	-	6	180	3	40	60	100
EE-109	Physics Lab	-	1.5	45	1½	20	30	50
EE-110	ChemistryLab	-	1.5	45	1½	20	30	50
EE-111	Computer Fundamentals Laboratory	-	3	90	3	40	60	100
	TOTAL	24	15	1170	30	280	720	1000

**NOTE:**03periodsperweekareallottedtoStudentCentric Activity (Library,Sports&Games,Clean &Green, Preparationfor placementsetc)

#### **ENGLISH**

CourseCode	Course	No.ofPeriods	TotalNo.of	Marks	Marksfor
	Title	per Week	Periods	forFA	SA
EE-101	English	3	90	20	80

TimeSchedule:EE-101:ENGLISH							
Chapter No.	Title	No. of Periods	Weightage	No. of short questions	No. of Essay questions	CO'S Mapped	
1	English for Employability	8			1	CO1,CO2, CO3, CO4,CO5	
2	Living in Harmony	8	16	2		CO1,CO2,CO3, CO4,CO5	
3	Connectwith Care	8			2	CO1,CO2, CO3, CO4,CO5	
4	Humourfor Happiness	8	26	2		CO1,CO2,CO3, CO4,CO5	
5	NeverEverGive Up!	8	10		1	CO1,CO2, CO3, CO4,CO5	
6	Preserveor Perish	9		1	2	CO1,CO2, CO3, CO4,CO5	
7	TheRainbow of Diversity	8	23		2	CO1,CO2, CO3, CO4,CO5	
8	NewChallenges -Newer Ideas	8		2	1	CO1,CO2, CO3, CO4,CO5	
9	TheEndPoint First	8	19	1	1	CO1,CO2, CO3, CO4,CO5	
10	TheEqualHalves	8		1	1	CO1,CO2, CO3, CO4,CO5	
11	Dealingwith Disaster	9	16	1	1	CO1,CO2, CO3, CO4,CO5	
	Total	90	110	30	80		

S.No.	TitleoftheUnit	No of Periods	COsMapped
1	EnglishforEmployability	8	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,CO5
2	LivinginHarmony	8	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,CO5
3	ConnectwithCare	8	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,CO5
4	HumourforHappiness	8	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,CO5
5	NeverEverGiveUp!	8	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,CO5
6	PreserveorPerish	9	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,CO5
7	The Rainbow of Diversity	8	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,CO5
8	NewChallenges-Newerldeas	8	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,CO5
9	TheEndPointFirst	8	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,CO5
10	TheEqualHalves	8	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,CO5
11	DealingwithDisaster	9	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,CO5
	TotalPeriods	90	

	-Toimprovegrammaticalknowledgeandenrichvocabulary.
COURSE	-Todevelopeffectivereading, writing and speaking skills.
OBJECTIVES	-TocomprehendthemesrelatedtoPersonality,Society,Environmentto
	exhibitUniversalHumanValues.

	CO1	Learnandapplyvariousgrammaticalconceptstocommunicatein academic,professionalandeverydaysituations.
	CO2	Useappropriatevocabularyinvariouscontexts.
COURSE	CO3	Readandcomprehenddifferentformsofacademic, professional and general reading material.
OUTCOMES	CO4	Communicateeffectivelyinspeakingandwritinginacademic, professional and everyday situations.
	CO5	Displayhumanvaluesbyapplyingthe knowledgeof themesrelatedto Self,Society,Environment,ScienceandTechnologyforholistic developmentandharmoniouslivingthroughcommunication.

#### **CO-POMatrix**

CourseCode EE-101		No.ofPeriods:					
POs	MappedCO No.	COPeriodsAddre Column 1 Number	essingPOin Percentage	Level of Mapping (1,2,3)	Remarks		
PO1							
PO2		NotdirectlyAppl					
PO3		activities make use of the content from Science and Technorelevant to the programme to enhance English communications.					
PO4		skills.					
PO5	CO5	16	18%	Level1			
PO6	CO1, CO2, CO3,CO4,	52	58%	Level3	Up to 20%: Level1		
PO7	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4,CO5	22	24%	Level2	21%-50%:Level 2 >50%:Level3		

Level3-StronglyMapped,

Level2-ModeratelyMapped;

Level1-SlightlyMapped

#### **LEARNINGOUTCOMES**

#### 1. Englishfor Employability

PerceivetheneedforimprovingcommunicationinEnglishforemployability Useadjectivesandarticleseffectivelywhilespeakingandinwriting Writesimplesentences

#### 2. LivinginHarmony

Developpositiveself-esteemforharmonious relationships Useaffixation to form newwords Use prepositions and use a few phrasal verbs contextually

#### 3. Connectwith Care

Usesocialmediawithdiscretion Speakaboutabilitiesandpossibilities Makerequestsandexpressobligations Usemodalverbsandmainverbsinappropriate form Writeshortdialoguesabouteverydaysituations

#### 4. HumourforHappiness

Realizetheimportanceofhumourforahealthyliving

Improvevocabularyrelatedtothetheme

Inculcatereadingandspeakingskills

FramesentenceswithproperSubject -Verbagreement

Understandthefeaturesofagoodparagraphandlearnhowtogatherideasasapreliminarystep for writing a good paragraph.

#### 5. NeverEverGive Up!

Learntodealwithfailuresin life

Use the present tense form for various every day communicative functions such as speaking and writing about routines, professions, scientific descriptions and sports commentary

Writeparagraphswithcoherenceandothernecessaryskills

#### 6. Preserveor Perish

Understandtheecologicalchallengesthatwefacetodayandacttosavetheenvironment.

Narrate/Reportpasteventsandtalkaboutfutureactions

Developvocabularyrelatedtoenvironment

Writee-mails

#### 7. The Rainbow of Diversity

Appraiseandvalueotherculturesforahappylivinginmulti-cultural workspace

Understandtheusageofdifferenttypesofsentences

Askfororgivedirections, information, instructions

Uselanguagetoexpressemotionsinvarioussituations

Writelettersinvariousreallifesituations

#### 8. NewChallenges-Newerldeas

UnderstandthefunctionaldifferencebetweenActiveVoiceandPassiveVoice

Use Passive Voice to speak and write invarious contexts

Understandthemajorpartsandsalientfeaturesofanessay

Learnaboutlatestinnovationsandgetmotivated

#### 9. The End Point First!

Understandtheimportanceofsettinggoalsin life

Reportaboutwhatothershavesaidbothinspeakingandwriting

Write an essay following the structure in a cohesive and comprehensive manner

Apply the words related to Goal Setting in conversations and in life

#### 10. The Equal Halves

Valuetheothergendersanddevelopagender-balancedviewtowardslife

Identifytheuseofdifferentconjunctionsinsynthesisingsentences

Writevarioustypesofsentencestocompareandcontrasttheideas

Applytheknowledgeofsentencesynthesisinrevisingandrewritingshortessays

Developdiscoursesinspeechandwriting

#### 11. DealingwithDisasters

beawareofdifferentkindsofdisastersand theconceptof disastermanagement Generatevocabularyrelevanttodisastermanagementanduseitinsentences Analyzeanerrorinasentenceandcorrectit Learnandwritedifferentkindsofreports

Textbook: 'INTERACT' (ATextbook of English for IYear Engineering Diploma Courses) - by SBTET, AP Reference Books:

- 1. MartinHewings: AdvancedGrammarinUse, CambridgeUniversityPress
- 2. Murphy, Raymond: English Grammarin Use, Cambridge University Press
- 3. SidneyGreenbaum: OxfordEnglishGrammar,OxfordUniversityPress
- 4. WrenandMartin(RevisedbyN.D.V.PrasadRao): *EnglishGrammarandComposition*, BlackieELT Books, S.Chand and Co.
- 5. SarahFreeman: Strengthen Your Writing, Macmillan

	EndExam(80Marks)	1,2,3UnitTests(20Marks each)		
PartA	10Question	5Questions		
PartA	@3Marks	@(1QX4M)+(4QX3M=12)		
	Total=30 Marks	Total=16 Marks		
PartB	5Questions(+3Choice)	3Questions(withinternalchoice)		
Pallb	@10Marks	@8Marks		
	Total=50 Marks	Total=24 marks		
GrandTotal	80Marks	40Marks		

# ENGINEERINGMATHEMATICS-I (CommontoallBranches)

Course Code	CourseTitle	No.of Periods/week	TotalNo.of periods	MarksforFA	MarksforSA
EE-102	Engineering Mathematics-I	5	150	20	80

Chapter No.	Title	No. of Periods	Weightage	No.ofshort question (3marks)	No.ofEssay questions (10marks)	CO'SMapped
1	Algebra	31	22	4	1	CO1
2	Trigonometry	44	29	3	2	CO2
3	Co-ordinate Geometry	23	13	1	1	CO3
4	Differential Calculus	34	26	2	2	CO4
5 Applicationsof Derivatives		18	20	0	2	CO5
	TOTAL	150	110	10	8	

S.No.	Chapter	No. of	Marks	Short	Essay	CO's			
		Periods	Allotted	type	type	mapped			
Unit-I: Algebra									
1	Functions	6	3	1	0	CO1			
2	PartialFractions	5	3	1	0	CO1			
3	Matrices and Determinants	20	16	2	1	CO1			
		Unit-II: Trigo	nometry						
4	TrigonometricRatios	2	0	0	0	CO2			
5	CompoundAngles	5	3	1	0	CO2			
6	MultipleandSubmultiple	0	2	1	0	CO2			
	angles	8 3 1 0							
7	Transformations	6	5	0	1/2	CO2			
8	InverseTrigonometric	6	5	0	1/2	CO2			
	Functions	O	3						
9	TrigonometricEquations	6	5	0	1/2	CO2			
10	Propertiesoftriangles	5	5	0	1/2	CO2			
11	ComplexNumbers	6	3	1	0	CO2			
	Uı	nitIII:Co-ordin	ateGeometry	1					
12	StraightLines	5	3	1	0	CO3			
13	Circles	6	5	0	1/2	CO3			
14 ConicSections		12	5	0	1/2	CO3			
Unit-IV:DifferentialCalculus									
15	LimitsandContinuity	6	3	1	0	CO4			
16	16         Differentiation         28         23         1         2         CO4								
	Unit	-V:Applicatio	nsof Derivativ	res					

17	GeometricalApplications	4	5	0	1/2	CO5
18	PhysicalApplications	6	5	0	1/2	CO5
19	MaximaandMinima	4	5	0	1/2	CO5
20	ErrorsandApproximations	4	5	0	1/2	CO5
	Total	150	110	10	8	
			Marks	30	80	

	(i)	ToapplytheprinciplesofAlgebra, Trigonometry and Co-ordinate
COURSE		Geometry to real-time problems in engineering.
OBJECTIVES	(ii)	$To comprehend and apply the concept of Differential Calculus in {\tt Calculus} and {\tt Calcu$
		engineering applications.

	CO1	Identify functions as special relations, resolve partial fractions and
		solve problems on matrices and determinants.
	CO2	Solveproblemsusing the concept of trigonometric functions, their
COURSE		inversesandcomplexnumbers.
OUTCOMES	CO3	Findtheequations and properties of straightlines, circles and conic
		sections in coordinate system.
	CO4	Evaluate the limits and derivatives of various functions.
	CO5	Findsolutionsforengineeringproblemsusing differentiation.

#### **LEARNINGOUTCOMES**

#### **UNIT-I**

#### C.O.1Identifyfunctions,resolvepartialfractionsandsolveproblemsonmatricesand determinants.

**L.O.** 1.1 DefineSet,OrderedpairandCartesianproductof twosets-examples.

ExplainRelationsandFunctions—examples

FindDomain&Rangeoffunctions-simpleexamples.

Defineone-oneandonto functions.

Findtheinverseofafunction-simpleexamples.

Definerational, properand improper fractions of polynomials.

Explaintheprocedureofresolvingproperfractionsofthetypesmentioned below into partial fractions

i) 
$$\frac{f(x)}{(ax+b)(cx+d)}$$
 ii) 
$$\frac{f(x)}{(ax+b)^2(cx+d)}$$

Defineamatrixandorderofamatrix.

Statevarioustypesofmatriceswithexamples(emphasison3<sup>rd</sup>ordersquare matrices).

Compute sum, difference, scalar multiplication and product of matrices. Illustrate the properties of these operations such as commutative, associative and distributive properties with examples and counter examples.

Definethetransposeofamatrixandstate itsproperties-examples.

Definesymmetricandskew-

symmetricmatrices with examples. Resolve as quarematrix into a sum of symmetric and skew-symmetric matrices and provide examples.

Definedeterminantofasquarematrix;minor,co-factorofanelementofa

3x 3 square matrix with examples. Expand the determinant of a 3x 3 matrix

using Laplace expansion formula. State and apply the properties of determinants to solve problems.

Distinguishsingularandnon-singularmatrices. Define multiplicative inverse of a matrix and list properties of adjoint and inverse. Compute adjoint and multiplicative inverse of a square matrix.

 $Solve a system of 3 linear equations in 3 unknowns using Cramer's rule and matrix\ inversion\ method.$ 

#### **UNIT-II**

## C.O. 2 Solveproblems using the concept of trigonometric functions, their inverses and complex numbers.

**L.O.** 2.1 Definetrigonometricratiosofanyangle-Listthevaluesoftrigonometricratiosat specified values.

Drawgraphsoftrigonometric functions-Explain periodicity of trigonometric functions.

Definecompoundanglesandstatetheformulaeofsin(A±B),cos(A±B),tan(A±B)and cot(A±B).

Givesimple examples on compound angles to derive the values of  $\sin 15^{\circ}$ ,  $\cos 15^{\circ}$ ,  $\sin 75^{\circ}$ ,  $\cos 75^{\circ}$ ,  $\tan 15^{\circ}$ ,  $\tan 75^{\circ}$  etc.

Deriveidentitieslikesin(A+B)sin(A-B)=sin<sup>2</sup>A-sin<sup>2</sup>Betc.

Solvesimpleproblemsoncompoundangles.

Derivetheformulaeofmultipleangles2A,3A etcand submultipleangle A/2intermsof angle A of trigonometric functions.

Deriveusefulalliedformulaelikesin<sup>2</sup>A=(1-cos2A)/2etc.

Solves imple problems using the multiple and submultiple formulae.

SyllabusforUnittest-Icompleted

Derive the formulae on transforming sum or difference of two trigonometric ratios in to a product and vice versa - examples on these formulae.

Solveproblemsbyapplyingtheseformulaetosumordifferenceorproductoftwoterms.

Explain the concept of the inverse of a trigonometric function by selecting an appropriate domain and range.

Define inverses of sixtrigonometric functions along with their domains and ranges.

Derive relations between inverse trigonometric functions so that the given inverse trigonometric function can be expressed in terms of other inverse trigonometric functions with examples.

Statevariouspropertiesofinversetrigonometricfunctionsandidentitieslike sin-

$$^{1}$$
x+cos $^{-1}$  x = $\frac{\pi}{}$ , etc. 
$$2$$
 Applyformulaelike  $\tan^{-1}x+\tan^{-1}y=\tan^{-1}(x+y)$  where  $x \ge 0, y \ge 0, xy < 1$  etc.,

tosolveSimpleproblems.

Explainwhatismeantby solution of trigonometric equations and find the general solutions of sin x=k,  $\cos x=k$  and  $\tan x=k$  with appropriate examples.

Solvemodelsofthetypeasin<sup>2</sup>x+bsinx+c=0andasinx+bcosx=c.

State sine rule, cosine rule, tangent rule and projection rule and solve a triangle using these formulae.

Listvarious formulae for the area of a triangle with examples.

Defineacomplexnumber, its modulus, conjugate, amplitude and list their properties.

Definearithmeticoperationsoncomplexnumberswithexamples.

the complex number in various forms like modulus-amplitude Represent (polar) form, Exponential (Euler) form with examples.

#### **UNIT-III**

#### CoordinateGeometry

Find the equations and properties of straight lines, circles and conic sections in coordinate system.

L.O.3.1Writedifferentformsofastraightline-generalform,point-slopeform,slope- interceptform,twopointform, interceptform and normal form (or perpendicular form).

Find distance of a point from a line, acute angle between two lines, intersection of twononparallel lines and distance between two parallel lines.

Definelocusofapointandcircle.

Writethegeneral equation of a circle and find its centre and radius.

Find the equation of a circle, given (i) centre and radius, (ii) two ends of the diameter (iii) three non collinear points of type (0,0) (a,0), (0, b).

Defineaconicsection-Explainthetermsfocus, directrix, eccentricity, axes and latus-rectum of a conic with illustrations.

Findtheequationofaconicwhenfocus, directrix and eccentricity are given.

Describetheproperties of Parabola, Ellipse and Hyperbolain standard forms whose axes are along the co-ordinate axes and solve simple examples on these conics.

SyllabusforUnittest-IIcompleted

#### Evaluate the limits and derivatives of various functions.

limitand meaning of  $\lim_{x\to a} f(x)=l$  and state the L.O. 4.1Explain the conceptof properties of limits.

Evaluate the limits of the type 
$$\lim \frac{f(x)}{x \to ag(x)}$$
 and  $\lim \frac{f(x)}{x \to \infty} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ . State the Standard limits  $\lim_{x \to a} \frac{x^n - a^n}{x - a}$ ,  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}$ ,  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\tan x}{x}$ ,  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{a^x - 1}{x}$ ,  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x}$ ,  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 + - |(\text{without proof}) \text{ and solve simple problems}}{x}$ ,  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x}$ ,  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 + - |(\text{without proof}) \text{ and solve simple problems}}{x}$ ,  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x}$ ,  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 + - |(\text{without proof}) \text{ and solve simple problems}}{x}$ .

usingthesestandard limits.

 $x\rightarrow 0$ 

Explaintheconceptof continuity of a functionata point and on an interval Statetheconceptofderivativeofafunctiony=f(x)-definition,firstprinciple

as 
$$\lim_{h\to 0} \frac{f(x+h)-f(x)\ h}{\text{derivative of a function.}}$$
 and also provides tandard notations to denote the

Explainthesignificance of derivative inscientificand engineering applications.

Findthederivative of standard algebraic, logarithmic, exponential and trigonometric functions using the first principle.

Findthederivativesofinversetrigonometric, hyperbolic and inverse hyperbolic functions.

State the rules of differentiation of sum, difference, scalar multiplication, product and quotient of functions with simple illustrative examples.

Explainthemethodofdifferentiationofafunctionofafunction(Chainrule) with illustrative examples.

 $\label{lem:explainthemethod} Explain the method of differentiation of parametric functions with examples.$ 

 $\label{lem:explaintheprocedure} Explain the procedure for finding the derivatives of implicit functions with examples.$ 

Explaintheneedoftakinglogarithmsfordifferentiatingsomefunctions of  $[f(x)]^{g(x)}$  type—examples on logarithmic differentiation.

Explaintheconceptoffindingthesecondorderderivatives with examples.

Explaintheconceptoffunctions of several variables, finding partial derivatives and difference between the ordinary and partial derivatives with simple examples.

Explaintheconceptoffindingsecondorderpartialderivatives with simple problems.

#### C.O.5 Evaluate solutions for engineering problems using differentiation

**L.O.** 5.1 Statethegeometricalmeaningofthederivative-Explaintheconceptofderivativetofind the slopes of tangent and normal to a given curve at any point on it with examples.

Findtheequationsof tangentand normaltotoagivencurveatany pointon it—simple problems. Explain the derivative as a rate of change in distance-time relations to find the velocity and acceleration of a moving particle with examples.

Explainthederivative as a rate measurer in the problems where the quantities like areas, volumes vary with respect to time-illustrative examples.

Define the concept of increasing and decreasing functions - Explain the conditions to find points where the given function is increasing or decreasing with illustrative examples.

Explain the procedure to find the extreme values (maxima or minima) of a function of single variable- simple problems for quadratic and cubic polynomials.

Applytheconceptofderivativestofindtheerrorsandapproximations-simple problems.

SyllabusforUnittest-IIIcompleted

#### CO/PO-Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2	3				3	2	2
CO2	3	3	2	2				3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	2				3	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	3				3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3				3	3	3
Avg.	3	2.8	2.4	2.6				3	2.4	2.4

**3**=Stronglymapped(High),**2**=moderatelymapped(Medium),**1**=slightlymapped(Low)

**Note**: ThegapsinCO/POmappingcanbemetwithappropriateactivitiesasfollows:

For PO5: Appropriatequizprogrammesmaybeconductedatintervalsanddurationas

decided by concerned faculty.

For PO6: Seminarsonapplicationsofmathematicsinvariousengineeringdisciplinesaretobe

planned and conducted.

For PO7: Plan activities in such a way that students can visit the Libraryto refer standard

books on Mathematics and access the latest updates in reputed national and international journals. Additionally, encourage them to attend seminars and learn

mathematical software tools.

#### PO-CO-Mappingstrength

		COperiodsaddres	singPOin	Level		
PONo	MappedwithCOno	columni		(1,2or3)	Remarks	
		No	%	(1,2013)		
1	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,	150	100%	3		
	CO5	(31+44+23+34+18)	100%	3	>40%Level3 Highly	
2	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,	80	53.3%	3		
	CO5	(8+23+12+22+15)	JJ.J/0	3	addressed	
3	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,	61	40.6%	3	25%to40%	
3	CO5	(9+14+9+14+15)	40.076	7	Level2	
4	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,	61	40.6%	3	Moderately	
4	CO5	(14+9+9+14+15)	40.070	7	addressed	
PSO1	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,	150	100%	3	5%to25%	
7301	CO5	(31+44+23+34+18)	100%	7	Level1Low	
PSO2	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,	62	41.3%	3	addressed	
7302	CO5	(10+14+9+14+15)	41.5/0	3	<5%Not	
PSO3	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,	62	41.3%	3	addressed	
P3U3	CO5	(10+14+9+14+15)	41.3/0	J		

#### **COURSECONTENT**

#### Unit-I Algebra

#### 1. Functions:

Definitions of Set, Ordered pair, Cartesian product of two sets, Relations, Functions, Domain & Range of functions – One-one and onto functions, inverse of a function.

#### 2. PartialFractions:

Definitions of rational, proper and improper fractions of polynomials. Resolve rational fractions (proper fractions) into partial fractions covering the types mentioned below.

i) 
$$\frac{f(x)}{(ax+b)(cx+d)}$$
 ii) 
$$\frac{f(x)}{(ax+b)^2(cx+d)}$$

#### 3. Matrices:

Definition of a matrix, types of matrices - Algebra of matrices, equality of two matrices, sum, difference, scalar multiplication and product of matrices. Transpose of a matrix, Symmetric, skew-symmetric matrices - Determinant of a square matrix, minor and cofactor of an element, Laplace's expansion, properties of determinants - Singular and non-singular matrices, Adjoint and multiplicative inverse of a square matrix-System of linear equations in 3 variables-Solutions by Cramer's rule and Matrix inversion method.

#### Unit-II

#### Trigonometry

#### 4. Trigonometricratios:

Definition of trigonometric ratios of any angle, values of trigonometric ratios at specified values, draw graphs of trigonometric functions, periodicity of trigonometric functions.

#### 5. Compoundangles:

 $Formulas of sin(A\pm B), cos(A\pm B), tan(A\pm B), cot(A\pm B), and related identities.$ 

#### 6. Multipleandsubmultipleangles:

Formulaefortrigonometricratiosofmultipleangles2A,3Aandsubmultipleangle A/2.

#### 7. Transformations:

Transformations of products into sums or differences and vice versa.

#### 8. Inversetrigonometric functions:

Definition, domains and ranges-basic properties.

#### 9. Trigonometricequations:

Concept of a solution, principal value and general solution of trigonometric equations:

Sinx =k, cosx= k, tanx =k, where k is a constant. Solutions of simple quadratic equations and equations of type a sin  $x + b \cos x = c$ .

#### 10. Propertiesoftriangles:

Relations between sides and angles of a triangle- sine rule, cosine rule, tangent rule and projection rule-area of a triangle.

#### 11. ComplexNumbers:

Definition of a complex number, modulus, conjugate and amplitude of a complex number - Arithmeticoperationsoncomplexnumbers-Modulus-Amplitude(polar)form, Exponential form (Euler form) of a complex number.

#### **UNIT-III**

#### Coordinategeometry

**12Straightlines:** Variousforms of a straight line -Anglebetweentwolines, perpendicular distance from a point, intersection of non-parallel lines and distance between parallel lines.

- **13. Circle:**Locusofapoint,Circledefinition-Circleequationgiven(i)centreandradius,(ii) twoendsofadiameter(iii)threenon-collinearpointsoftype(0,0),(a,0),(0,b)-Generalequation of a circle –its centre and radius.
- **14.** Definitionofaconicsection-Equationofaconicwhenfocus, directrixandeccentricity are given Properties of parabola, ellipse and hyperbola in standard forms.

#### **UNIT-IV**

#### **DifferentialCalculus**

- **15. ConceptofLimit-**DefinitionandPropertiesofLimitsandStandardLimits-Continuityofafunction at a point.
- **16. Concept of derivative-** Definition (first principle)- different notations -Derivatives of standard algebraic, logarithmic, exponential, trigonometric, inverse trigonometric, hyperbolicand inverse

hyperbolic functions -Derivatives of sum, difference, scalar multiplication, product, quotient of functions -Chain rule, derivatives of parametric functions, derivatives of implicit functions, logarithmic differentiation -Second order derivatives - Functions of several variables, first and second order partial derivatives.

#### **UNIT-V**

## **Applications of Derivatives**

- $\textbf{17.} \quad \textbf{G} eometrical meaning of the derivative, equations of tangent and normal to a curve a tany point.$
- **18.** Physical applications of derivatives Velocity, acceleration, derivative as a rate measurer.
- **19.** Applications of the derivative to find the extreme values Increasing and decreasing functions, maxima and minima for quadratic and cubic polynomials.
- 20. Absolute, relative and percentage errors-Approximate values due to errors in measurements.

#### Textbook:

Engineering Mathematics-I,a textbook for firstyear diploma courses, prepared & prescribed by SBTET, AP.

#### ReferenceBooks:

- 1. ShantiNarayan,ATextbookofmatrices,S.Chand&Co.
- 2. Robert E.Moyer &FrankAyersJr., Schaum's OutlineofTrigonometry, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Schaum's Series.
- 3. G.B.Thomas,R.L.Finney,CalculusandAnalyticGeometry,AddisonWesley,9<sup>th</sup>Edition,1995.
- 4. FrankAyers&ElliottMendelson,Schaum'sOutlineofCalculus,Schaum'sSeries.
- 5. M. Vygodsky, Mathematical Handbook, Mir Publishers, Moscow.

# **ENGINEERINGPHYSICS**

Coursecode	Coursetitle	No.ofperiods Totalno.of per week periods		MarksforFA	MarksforSA
EE-103	Engineering Physics	03	90	20	80

Chapter No.	Title	No. of Periods	Weightage	No.ofshort question (3marks)	No.ofEssay questions (10marks)	CO'SMapped	
1	Units and measurements	09	03	1	0	CO1	
2	Statics	11	13	1	1		
3	Gravitation	12	20	0	2		
4	Concepts of energy	10	13	1	1	CO2	
5	Thermalphysics	10	13	1	1		
6	Sound	12	16	2	1	CO3	
7	Electricity &Magnetism	13	16	2	1		
8	Modernphysics	13	16	2	1	CO4	
	TOTAL	90	110	10	8		

COURSE	(1) Tounderstandthe basicconceptsofphysicsforvariousEngineering applications as required for industries.
OBJECTIVES	(2) Toequipthestudents withthescientificadvancesintechnologyand make the student suitable for any industrial or scientific organization.

	CO1	Familiarizewithvariousphysicalquantities, their Slunits and errors in measurements; understand the concepts of vectors and various forces in statics.		
COURSE	CO2	Understandtheconceptsofgravitationwithreferenceto applicationsinsatellites, provide the knowledge of various forms of energy and their working principles.		
OUTCOMES	CO3	Familiarizewiththeknowledgeoftransmissionofheatandgas laws; provide the knowledge on musical sound and noise as pollutionandalsotheconceptsofechoandreverberation.		
	CO4	Provide basic knowledge of electricity and concepts of magnetism and magnetic materials; familiarize with the advances in Physics such as photoelectricell, optical fibers, semiconductors, superconductors and nanotechnology.		

# Matrix showing mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2	1			2	2		2
CO2	3	2	2	2	2		2	1		2
CO3	2		1		2		1		1	1
CO4	3	2	3	2	2		3	2		2

# CO-POMappingStrength

Course code EE-103	Engine NoofCou	No ofperiods90			
POs	MappedwithCONo	CO periods addressingPOin Col 1 NO %		1,2,3	remarks
PO1	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4	44	48.9%	3	
PO2	CO1,CO2,CO4	11	12.2%	1	>40% level 3 (highlyaddressed)
PO3	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4	10	11.1%	1	25% to 40% level 2
PO4	CO1, CO2,CO4	8	8.9%	1	(moderatelyaddressed) 5%to25%level1(Low
PO5	CO2,CO3,CO4	8	8.9%	1	addressed)
PO6					<5% (not addressed)
PO7	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4	9	10.0%	1	

3=stronglymapped,2=moderately mapped, 1=slightlymapped

Note: The gaps in CO and PO mapping will be achieved by one or more appropriate activities from the following.

(i)Seminars (ii)Tutorials (iii)GuestLecturers(iv)Assignments (v)Quizcompetitions(vi)Industrialvisits (vii)Techfest (viii)Miniproject (ix)Groupdiscussions(x)Virtualclasses (xi)Libraryvisitfor e-books

#### **LEARNINGOUTCOMES**

## Uponcompletion of the course the students hall be able to

#### Understandtheconceptofunitsandmeasurements

Explaintheconceptofunits

Definetheterms

a) Physical quantity, b) Fundamental physical quantities and

c)Derivedphysical quantities

Defineunit

Definefundamentalunitsandderivedunits

StateSlunitswithsymbolsforfundamentalandsome derived quantities

StateMultiplesandSubmultiplesinSIsystem

StaterulesofwritingS.Iunits

StateadvantagesofSlunits

Whataredirectand indirectmeasurements.

Defineaccuracyandleastcount

Defineerrorinmeasurement

Define absolute, relative and percentage errors with their formulae

Solvesimpleproblemsonabsolute, relative and percentage errors

## **Understandtheconceptsof statics**

ExplaintheconceptofVectors

Definescalarandvectorquantitieswithexamples

Representvectorsgeometrically

Definethetypesofvectors(equal,negative,unit,co-initial,co-planar,positionvector)

Resolvethevectorintorectangularcomponents

Stateandexplaintrianglelawofadditionofvectors

Define concurrent forces, co-planar forces and equilibrant.

StateandexplainLami's theorem

State the parallelogram law of addition of forces with diagram.

Writetheexpressionsformagnitudeanddirectionofresultant(noderivation)

Illustrateparallelogramlawwithexamples(i)flyingofbirdand(ii)workingofsling.

Definemomentofforceand couple.

WritetheformulaeandS.Iunitsofmomentofforceandcouple.

Solvesimpleproblemson(i)Resolution offorce and

(ii)Parallelogramlawofforces(findingR, $\alpha$ and $\theta$ ).

## **Understandtheconceptsof Gravitation**

StateandexplainNewton'suniversallawofgravitation.

DefineGand mentionitsvalue.

Explaintheaccelerationduetogravity(g)

Explainthefactorsaffectingthevalueofg

DerivetherelationshipbetweengandG.

3.6. StateandexplaintheKepler'slawsofplanetarymotion

Defineasatellite.

Whatarenaturalandartificialsatellites? Give examples.

Defineorbitalvelocityandwriteitsformula.

Defineescapevelocityandwriteitsformula.

WriteabriefnoteonPolarsatellites.

WriteabriefnoteonGeo-stationarysatellites.

Mentiontheapplications of artificial satellites.

Solve simple problems on (i) Newton's law of gravitation and (ii) calculation of orbital and escape velocities.

## **Understandtheconceptsof Energy.**

Defineworkdoneandenergy.MentiontheirSI units.

Listvarioustypesofenergy.

DefineP.Ewithexamples.Writeitsequation.

DefineK.Ewithexamples.Writeitsequation.

DeriverelationshipbetweenK. Eandmomentum.

Statethelawofconservationofenergy. Givevarious examples.

Writeabriefnoteonsolarenergy.

Explaintheprincipleofsolarthermalconversion.

Explaintheprincipleofphotovoltaiceffect

Solves imple problems on (i) work done (ii) P.E&K. Eand (iii) Relation between K.E. A.E. and (iii) Relation between K.E. and (iiii) Relation between K.E. and (iiiii) Relation between K.E. and (iiiii) Relation between K.E. and (iiiii) Relation between K.E. and (iiiiii) Relation between K.E. and (iiiiiii) Relation b

&momentum.

#### Understandtheconceptsofthermalphysics

Definetheconceptsofheatand temperature

State different modes of transmission of heat

Explainconduction, convection and radiation with two examples each.

StateandexplainBoyle'slaw

Defineabsolutezerotemperature

Explainabsolutescaleoftemperature

State the relationship between degree Celsius, Kelvin and Fahrenheit temperatures

StateCharle'slawandwriteitsequation

StateGay-Lussac'slawandwriteitsequation

Defineideal gas

Deriveidealgasequation

Explainwhyuniversalgasconstant(R)issameforallgases

CalculatethevalueofRfor1grammoleofgas.

Solvesimpleproblemson(i)Interconversionoftemperaturesbetween°C,KandF

(ii)Gaslawsand(iii)Idealgas equation.

## UnderstandtheconceptsofSound

Definethetermsound

Definelongitudinalandtransversewaveswithoneexample each

Explainthefactors which affect the velocity of sound in air

Distinguishbetweenmusicalsoundandnoise

Explain noise pollution and state Slunit for intensity of sound

Explains our cesofnoise pollution

Explaineffectsofnoisepollution

Explainmethodsofminimizingnoisepollution

DefineDopplereffect.

ListtheApplicationsofDopplereffect

Definereverberationandreverberationtime

WriteSabine'sformulaandnamethephysicalquantitiesinit.

Defineechoesandexplaintheconditiontohear an echo.

Mentionthemethodsofreducinganecho

Mentiontheapplications of an echo

Whatareultrasonics

Mentiontheapplicationsofultrasonics, SONAR

Solvesimpleproblemson echo

UnderstandtheconceptsofElectricityandMagnetism

ExplaintheconceptofP.DandEMF

StateOhm'slawandwritetheformula

ExplainOhm'slaw

Defineresistance and specific resistance. Write their S. Iunits.

StateandexplainKichoff'sfirstlaw.

StateandexplainKirchoff'ssecondlaw.

DescribeWheatstonebridgewithlegiblesketch.

Derivean expression for balancing condition of Wheatstone bridge.

Describe Meter Bridge experiment with necessary circuit diagram.

Write the formula et of indresistance and specific resistance in meter bridge

Explaintheconcept of magnetism

Whatarenaturalandartificial magnets (mentions ometypes)

Definemagneticfieldandmagneticlinesofforce.

Writethepropertiesofmagneticlinesof force

StateandexplaintheCoulomb'sinversesquarelawofmagnetism

Definemagneticpermeability

Definepara, dia, ferromagnetic materials with examples

Solvesimpleproblemson(i)Ohm'slaw(ii)Kirchoff'sfirstlaw(iii)Wheatstonebridge(iv)meter

bridgeand(v)Coulomb'sinversesquarelaw

## UnderstandtheconceptsofModernphysics

StateandexplainPhoto-electriceffect.

WriteEinstein'sPhotoelectricequationandnamethephysicalquantitiesinit.

Statelawsofphotoelectriceffect

ExplaintheWorkingofphotoelectriccell

ListtheApplicationsofphotoelectriceffect

Recapitulaterefractionoflightandits laws

**Define critical angle** 

ExplaintheTotalInternalReflection

ExplaintheprincipleandworkingofOpticalFiber

ListtheapplicationsofOpticalFiber

#### Explaintheenergygapbasedonbandstructure

Distinguishbetweenconductors, semiconductors and insulators based on energy gap

Definedoping

Explaintheconceptof hole

Explainthetypesofsemiconductors:Intrinsicandextrinsic

Explainn-typeandp-typesemiconductors

Mentiontheapplicationsofsemiconductors

Definesuperconductorandsuperconductivity

Listtheapplicationsofsuperconductors

Nanotechnologydefinition,nanomaterialsand applications

#### **COURSECONTENT**

## 1. Unitsandmeasurements

Introduction — Physical quantity — Fundamental and Derived quantities — Fundamental and derived units- Slunits — Multiples and Sub multiples — Rules for writingS.I.units-Advantagesof SI units — Direct and indirect measurements — Accuracy and least count — Errors: Absolute, relative and percentage errors—Problems.

#### 2. Statics

Scalars and Vectors—Representation of a vector - Types of vectors - Resolution of vector into rectangular components — Triangle law of vectors — Concurrent forces -Lami's theorem - Parallelogram law of forces : Statement, equations for magnitude and direction of resultant, examples — Moment of force and couple — Problems.

#### 3. Gravitation

Newton's law of gravitation and G –Conceptof acceleration due to gravity (g) – Factors affecting the value of gravitation between gand G-Kepler's laws–Satellites:

Natural and artificial – Orbital velocity and escapevelocity – Polar and geostationary satellites – Applications of artificial satellites – Problems.

## 4. Conceptsofenergy

Work done & Energy-Definition and types of energy - potential energy - kinetic energy-- K.E and momentum relation — Law of Conservation of energy, examples - Solar energy, principles of thermal and photo conversion — Problems.

#### 5. Thermalphysics

Modes of transmission of heat – Expansion of Gases - Boyle's law – Absolute scale of temperature-Thermometricscalesandtheirinterconversion -Charle'slaw-Gay-Lussac'slaw- Ideal gas equation - Universal gas constant (R) - Problems.

#### 6. Sound

Sound -Natureofsound -Typesofwavemotion,Longitudinal andtransverse — Factorsaffecting the velocity of sound in air - musical sound and noise - Noise pollution — Causes & effects - Methods of reducing noise pollution - Doppler effect- Echo- Reverberation-Reverberationtime-Sabine'sformula—Ultrasonics&applications—SONAR-Problems.

## 7. Electricity&Magnetism

ConceptofP.DandEMF-Ohm'slawandexplanation-Specificresistance-Kirchoff's laws—Wheat stone's bridge - Meter bridge.

Naturalandartificial magnets-magnetic fieldand magnetic linesofforce-Coulomb's inverse square law - Permeability - Magnetic materials - Para, dia, ferro - Examples - Problems.

## 8. ModernPhysics

Photoelectric effect – laws of photoelectric effect – photoelectric cell – Applications of photoelectric cell-Total internal reflection - Fiber optics - Principle and working of an optical fiber -Applications of optical fibers –Semiconductors :Basedon Energygap – Doping –Hole - Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors (n-type & p-type) – Applications of semiconductors – Superconductivity – applications – Nanotechnology definition, nano materials, applications.

#### **REFERENCES**

Intermediatephysics-Volume-I&2
 UnifiedphysicsVolume1,2,3and4
 ConceptsofPhysics,Vol1&2
 TeluguAcademy(Englishversion)
 Dr.S.LGupthaandSanjeev Guptha
 H.C.Verma

4. TextbookofphysicsVolumel&25. FundamentalsofphysicsResnick&HallidayBrijlal&Subramanyam

6. Textbookofappliedphysics Dhanpath Roy

7. NCERTTextBooksofphysics ClassXI&XIIStandard

8. e-books/e-tools/websites/LearningPhysicssoftware/eLMS

# Table showing the scope of syllabus to be covered for unit tests

Unittest	Learningoutcomestobecovered
Unittest-1	From1.1to3.14
Unittest-2	From4.1to6.18
Unittest-3	From7.1to8.20

# **ENGINEERINGCHEMISTRYANDENVIRONMENTALSTUDIES**

Coursecode	CourseTitle	No. of Periodsper week	TotalNo.of Periods	Marks forFA	Marksf or SA
EE-104	Engineering Chemistryand Environmental Studies	3	90	20	80

Chapter No.	Title	No. of Periods	Weightage	No.ofshort question (3marks)	No.ofEssay questions (10marks)	CO'SMapped
1	Fundamentalsof Chemistry	14	21	2	1.5	CO1
2	Solutions, Acids and Bases	16	21	2	1.5	CO1
3	Electrochemistry	12	13	1	1	CO2
4	Corrosion	8	13	1	1	CO2
5	WaterTreatment	8	13	1	1	CO3
6	Polymers& Engineering Materials	12	13	1	1	CO4
7	Fuels	6	3	1	0	CO4
8	Environmental Studies	14	13	1	1	CO5
	TOTAL	90	110	10	8	

	Tofamiliarizewiththeconceptsofchemistryinvolvedinthe
	process of various Engineering Industrial Applications.
COURSE	2. To know the various natural and man-made environmental
	issues and concerns with an interdisciplinary approach that
OBJECTIVES	includephysical,chemical,biologicalandsocioculturalaspects of
	environment.
	3. toreinforcetheoreticalconceptsbyconductingrelevant
	experiments/exercises

	CO1	ExplainBohr`satomicmodel,chemicalbonding,moleconcept,acidsand bases,PHandBuffersolutions.
	CO2	Explainelectrolysis, Galvanic cell, batteries and corrosion
	CO3	Explainthechemistryinvolvedinthetreatmentofhardnessinwater.
COURSE		ExplainthemethodsofpreparationandapplicationsofPolymersand
OUTCOMES	CO4	Elastomers, chemical composition and applications of Alloys, Composite
		Materials, Liquid Crystals, Nano Materials and Fuels.
		ExplainGlobalimpactsduetoairpollution, causes, effectsandcontrolling
	CO5	methods of water pollution and understand the environment, forest
		resources,e-PollutionandGreenChemistryPrinciples.

EE-104	Engineering.Chem No of	NoOfperiods90			
POs	MappedwithCO No	COperiods addressing PO in Col NO.1	%	Level 1,2,3	remarks
PO1	CO1,CO2,CO3	42	46.7%	3	>40%level3(highly
PO2	CO2,CO3	16	17.8%	1	addressed)25%to40%level
PO3	CO4	12	13.3%	1	2(moderatelyaddressed)5%
PO4	CO4	6	6.7%	1	to 25% level 1 (Low
PO5	CO5	14	15.5%	1	addressed)<5%(not
PO6					addressed)
PO7					

# COs-POsmappingstrength(aspergiventable)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
CO5	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-
Average	3	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	-

3=stronglymapped 2=moderatelymapped1=slightlymapped

Note:ThegapsinCOand POmappingwill beachieved by one or more appropriate activities from the following:

i)Seminarsii)Tutorialsiii)GuestLecturesiv)Assignmentsv)Quizcompetitionsvi)Industrialvisitvii) Tech Fest viii) Mini project ix) Group discussions x) Virtual classes xi) Library visit for e-books

#### **LEARNINGOUTCOMES**

#### **Atomicstructure**

Explainthecharge, mass of fundamental particles of an atom (electron, proton and the concept of atomic number and mass number.

State the Postulates of Bohr's atomic theory and its limitations.

Explain the significance of four Quantum numbers and draw the atomic structures of Silicon and Germanium.

DefineOrbitalofanatomanddrawtheshapes of s, pandd-orbitals.

Explain1. Aufbauprinciple, 2. Pauli's exclusion principle 3. Hund's principle.

Writetheelectronicconfigurationofelementsuptoatomicnumber 30.

Explainthesignificanceofchemicalbonding.

Explain the Postulates of Electronic theory of valency.

Define and explain lonicand Covalent bonds with examples of NaCl,  $^*H_2$ ,  $^*O_2$  and  $^*N_2$ . (\* Lewis dot method).

Listout the Properties oflonic compounds and covalent compounds and distinguishbetween their properties.

#### Solutions, Acids and Bases

Definetheterms1.Solution,2.Soluteand3.Solvent.

Classifysolutions based on solubility.

Define the terms 1. Atomic weight, 2. Molecular weight and 3. Equivalent weight. CalculateMolecularweightandEquivalentweightofthegivenacids(HCl,H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>,H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>) Bases (NaOH, Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub>, Al(OH)<sub>3</sub>and Salts (NaCl, Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, CaCO<sub>3</sub>).

Definemoleandsolvenumericalproblemsonmoleconcept.

Definemolarity, normality and solvenumerical problems on molarity and normality.

- a) CalculatetheMolarityorNormality,ifweightofsoluteandvolumeofsolutionaregiven.
- b) Calculatetheweightofsolute, if Molarity or Normality with volume of solution are given.
- c) Problemsondilutiontoconverthighconcentrated solutionstolowconcentrated solutions.

Explain Arrhenius theory fAcids and Bases and give its limitations.

Defineionicproductofwater,pHandsolve numericalproblemsonpH(StrongAcidsandBases).

Define buffers olution and classify buffer solutions with examples. Give it sapplications.

## Electrochemistry

Define theterms1.Conductor 2. Semiconductor3. Insulator, 4.Electrolyte5.Non–electrolyte. Give two examples each.

Distinguish between Metallic conduction and Electrolytic conduction.

Explainelectrolysis by taking an example of used Na Cland list out the applications of electrolysis.

DefineGalvaniccell.ExplaintheconstructionandworkingofGalvaniccell.

Distinguishbetweenelectrolyticcellandgalvaniccell.

Define battery and list the types of batteries with examples.

Explaintheconstruction, working and applications of i) Drycell (Leclanchecell), ii) Leadstorage battery, iii) Lithium-Ion battery and iv) Hydrogen-Oxygen fuel cell.

## Corrosion

Definethetermcorrosion.

state the Factors influencing the rate of corrosion.

Describe the formation of (a) composition cell (b) stress cell (c) concentration cell during corrosion.

Definerustingofironandexplainthemechanismofrustingofiron.

Explain the methods of prevention of corrosion by

(a) Protective coatings (an odic and cathodic coatings)

(b) Cathodic protection (Sacrificial anode process and Impressed – voltage process).

#### WaterTreatment

Defines of twater and hardwater with respect to soap action.

Defineandclassifythehardnessofwater.

Listoutthesaltsthatcausinghardnessof water (with Formulae).

Statethe disadvantagesofusinghardwaterinindustries.

DefineDegreeofhardnessandunitsofhardness(mg/Land ppm).

Solvenumerical problems on hardness.

Explainthemethodsofsofteningofhardwaterby(i)Ion-exchangeprocessand(ii)Reverse Osmosis process.

# Polymers&Engineeringmaterials.

#### A)Polymers

Explaintheconcept of polymerization.

Describe the methods of polymerization (a) additionpolymerization of ethylene (b) condensation polymerization of Bakelite (Only flowchart).

Defineplastic. Explainamethodof preparationandusesofthefollowingplastics:

1.PVC2.Teflon3.Polystyrene4.Nylon 6,6.

Defineelastomers. Explainamethodof preparation and applications of the following:

1. Buna-S2. Neoprene.

#### B)EngineeringMaterials

Define an alloy. Write the composition and applications of the following:

1.Nichrome2.Duralumin3.StainlessSteel.

DefineCompositeMaterialsandgiveanytwoexamples. State theirProperties and applications.

 $Define Liquid Crystals and give any two examples. State\ their Properties and applications.$ 

Define Nano Materials and give any two examples. State their Properties and applications.

#### **Fuels**

Definethetermfuel.

Classifythefuelsbasedonoccurrence.

Writethecompositionandusesofthefollowing:

1.LPG 2. CNG 3.Biogas 4.Poweralcohol

Writethe commercial production of Hydrogenas future fuel. Give its advantages and disadvantages.

## **ENVIRONMENTALSTUDIES**

Explainthescopeandimportanceofenvironmental studies.

Define environment. Explain the different segments of environment.

1.Lithosphere 2. Hydrosphere 3. Atmosphere 4.Biosphere

Definethefollowing terms:

1.Pollutant2.Pollution3.Contaminant4.Receptor5.Sink6.Particulates7.Dissolvedoxygen

(DO)8.ThresholdLimitValue(TLV)9.BOD10.COD

11.Ecosystem12.Producers13.

Consumers 14. Decomposers with examples.

Statetherenewableandnon-renewableenergysourceswithexamples.

Statethe usesofforest resources.

Explainthecausesandeffectsofdeforestation.

DefineairpollutionandexplainitsGlobalimpacts1.Greenhouse effect,2. Ozonelayerdepletion and 3. Acid rain.

Define Water pollution. Explain the causes, effects and controlling methods of Water pollution.

Definee-Pollution, Statethe sources of e-waste. Explainits health effects and control methods

Define Green Chemistry. Write the Principles and benefits of Green Chemistry.

#### COURSECONTENT

#### **ENGINEERINGCHEMISTRYANDENVIRONMENTALSTUDIES**

#### 1. FundamentalsofChemistry

**Atomic Structure:** Introduction - Fundamental particles – Bohr's theory – Quantum numbers – Atomic structure of Silicon and Germanium - Orbitals, shapes of s, p and d orbitals - Aufbau's principle - Hund's rule - Pauli's exclusion Principle - Electronic configuration of elements.

**Chemical Bonding:** significance—Electronic theory of valency- Types of chemical bonds — Ionic and covalent bond with examples—Properties of Ionic and Covalent compounds.

#### 2. Solutions, Acids and Bases

Solutions: Types of solutions - Mole concept – Numerical problems onmole concept -Methods of expressing concentration of a solution – Molarity and Normality – Numerical problems on molarity and normality.

AcidsandBases:Arrheniustheoryofacidsandbases – Ionicproductofwater-pH–Numerical problems on pH–Buffer solutions – Classification- applications.

## 3. Electrochemistry

Conductors, semiconductors, insulators, electrolytes and non-electrolytes – Electrolysis offused NaCl–Applications of electrolysis - Galvaniccell–Battery-Types- Dry Cell (Leclanche Cell), Lead-Storage battery-Lithium-Ion battery-Hydrogen-Oxygen Fuel cell.

#### 4. Corrosion

Introduction - Factors influencing corrosion - Composition, Stress and Concentration Cells—Rusting of iron and its mechanism — Prevention of corrosion by Protective Coating methods, Cathodic Protection methods.

#### 5. Watertreatment

Introduction—Soft and Hard water—Causes of hardness—Types of hardness—Disadvantages of hard water — Degree of hardness (ppm and mg/lit) — Numerical problems on hardness—Softening methods—Ion-Exchange process—Reverse Osmosis process.

## 6. Polymers&Engineeringmaterials

## **Polymers:**

Conceptofpolymerization—Typesofpolymerization—Addition,condensationwithexamples — Plastics - Preparation and uses of i).PVC ii) Teflon iii) Polystyreneandiv) Nylon 6,6. Elastomers:Preparationandapplicationofi)Buna-sandii)Neoprene.

## **EngineeringMaterials**:

Alloys-Compositionandapplications of i) Nichrome, ii) Duraluminandiii) Stainless Steel. Composite Materials - Properties and applications.

Liquid Crystals- Properties and applications.

NanoMaterials-Properties and applications.

## 7. Fuels

Definition and classification of fuels—Composition and uses of i) LPGii) CNGiii) Biogas and iv) Power alcohol—Hydrogen as a future fuel-production-advantages and disadvantages.

## 8. ENVIRONMENTALSTUDIES

Scope and importance of environmental studies — Environment - Important terms related to environment—Renewableandnon-renewableenergysources—Forestresources—Deforestation— Air pollution—Global impacts on environment —Water pollution — causes — effects — control measures-e-Pollution—Sourcesofe-waste -Healtheffects- Controlmethods- GreenChemistry-Principles-Benefits.

# **REFERENCEBOOKS**

1. TeluguAcademy IntermediatechemistryVol. 1&2

Jain&Jain EngineeringChemistry
 O.P.Agarwal,Hi-Tech. EngineeringChemistry
 D.K.Sharma EngineeringChemistry
 A.K.De EngineeringChemistry

# SyllabusforUnittests

UnitTest	Learningoutcomestobecovered
UnitTest-1	From1.1to2.8
UnitTest-2	From3.1to5.7
UnitTest-3	From6.1to8.10

# ELECTRICALENGINEERINGMATERIALSCIENCE

Course code	Coursetitle	No. of periods/week	Total no. of periods	Marks forFA	Marksfor SA
EE-105	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING MATERIALSCIENCE	04	120	20	80

Chapter No.	Title	No. of Periods	Weightage	No.ofshort question (3marks)	No.ofEssay questions (10marks)	CO'S Mapped
1	Conducting Materials and Semiconducting Materials	25	26	2	2	CO1
2	Insulating Materialsand Di- electric Materials	30	26	2	2	CO2
3	Magnetic Materials	15	13	1	1	CO3
4	Magneticeffects of Electric Current and Electromagnetic Induction	30	29	3	2	CO4
5	Electrostatics and Capacitance	20	16	2	1	CO5
	TOTAL	120	110	10	8	

1)	Tofamiliarisewiththeknowledgeofdifferentelectrical
	engineering materials.
2)	Tocomprehendthemagneticeffectsofelectriccurrent.
3)	Toknowtheconceptofelectro-magneticinductionand
	electrostatic field.
	1) 2) 3)

	CO1	EE-105.1	Explainthepropertiesofdifferentconductingand semi-conducting materials and their applications
COURSE	CO2	EE-105.2	AnalyzeInsulatingmaterialsanddielectric materials
OUTCOMES	CO3	EE-105.3	DescribeMagneticmaterialsandtheirproperties
OUTCOIVIES	CO4	EE-105.4	ComprehendtheprinciplesofMagneticeffectsof Electric Current and Electromagnetic Induction
	CO5	EE-105.5	UnderstandtheconceptsofElectrostaticsand Capacitance

#### **LEARNINGOUTCOMES**

## 1. ConductingMaterialsandSemiconductingMaterials

DefineConductingMaterials

Statetheproperties of conducting materials

Definetheterms(i)Hardening (ii)Annealing

Statethemainrequirements of (i) Low Resistivity Materials (ii) Highresistivity materials

Listsomeexamplesofi)LowResistivityMaterialsii)HighResistivitymaterials

MentiontheProperties&ApplicationsofCopperandAluminium

DistinguishbetweenCopperandAluminium

Mentiontheproperties&applicationsofACSRConductorsandAAAC.

(iii)Carbon

DefineSemiconductingmaterials

ClassifySemiconductingmaterials

Define(i)IntrinsicSemiconductorsand(ii)ExtrinsicSemiconductors

DistinguishbetweenIntrinsicandExtrinsicsemiconductors.

Explain the formation of (i) P-type semiconductor and (ii) N-type semiconductor

DistinguishbetweenPandNtype Semiconductors

# 2. InsulatingMaterialsandDi-electricmaterials

DefineInsulatingMaterials

Drawenergyleveldiagramsofconductors, insulators and semi-Conductors

DistinguishbetweenConductors,InsulatorsandSemiconductors

DefineInsulationresistanceandexplainfactorsaffectinginsulationresistance

Classifyinsulatingmaterials

Statethe properties and applications of (i) Impregnated paper (ii) Wood (iii) Asbestos (iv) Mica (v

)Ceramics (vi) Glass

Explaintheproperties and applications of PVC

State the effects of the following on P.V.C.

(i)Filler(ii)Stabilizer(iii)Plasticizer(iv)Additives.

KnowthePermittivityofcommonlyuseddi-electricmaterials

(i)Air(ii)Bakelite(iii)Glass(iv)Mica(v)Paper(vi)Porcelain(vii)Transformeroil

ExplainPolarization

ExplainDi-electric Loss

# 3. Magnetic Materials

ClassifytheMagneticMaterials

(i)Ferro(ii)Para(iii)Dia-Magneticmaterialswith examples

Explain(i)SoftMagneticmaterials(ii)HardMagneticmaterials

Draw (i)B-HCurve(ii)Hysteresisloop

ExplainHysteresisloop

ExplainHysteresislossandStateSteinmetzequation(No-Problems)

ExplainEddyCurrentLosses

StateCurie point

DefineMagnetostriction

## 4. MagneticeffectsofElectricCurrentandElectromagneticInduction

StateCoulombslawsofMagnetism

DefinethetermsAbsoluteandRelativePermeabilityof mediumandgiverelationbetween them

Explaintheconceptoflinesofforce&magneticfield

StateRighthandThumbrule

Drawthefieldpatternsdueto

(i)Straightcurrentcarryingconductor (ii)Solenoid

Stateandlisttheapplicationsof(i)Worklaw(ii)Biot-Savart'sLaw(Laplacelaw)

Explain the Mechanical force on a current carrying Conductor placed in side a Magnetic field.

Deriveanexpressionforthemagnitudeoftheforce onacurrentcarryingconductor inside a magnetic field.

StateFleming'sLeftHand rule

Understandtheconceptof the MagneticcircuitandDefinethetermsMMF,Fluxand

Reluctance

CompareMagneticcircuitwithElectriccircuitindifferent aspects

Explaintheeffectofairgapinamagnetic circuit

Explainthetermsleakagefluxandleakageco-efficient

StateFaraday'slawsofElectro-MagneticInduction

ExplainDynamicallyandStaticallyinducedE.M.Fs

StateLenz'slaw

ExplainFleming'sRightHand rule

 $State the \ concept of Selfand Mutual inductance and write their expressions$ 

StateCo-efficientofcoupling

Developanexpressionfortheenergystoredinamagneticfield

#### 5. Electrostatics and Capacitance

State Coulomb's laws of Electrostatics and solve the problems

Definethefollowingterms

(i)UnitCharge(ii)Absolutepermittivity(iii)Relative permittivity(iv)ElectricFlux

(v)FluxDensity(vi)Fieldintensity

Drawthefieldpatternsdueto

i) Isolatedpositivecharge

- ii) Isolatednegativecharge
- iii) Unlikechargesplacedsideby side
- iv) Likechargesplacedsidebyside

 $Compare {\tt Electrostatic} and {\tt Magnetic} lines of force in different aspects.$ 

Definetheconceptofelectricpotentialandpotentialdifference

DefineDi-electricstrengthandDi-electricconstant

GivethepermittivityofcommonlyusedDi-electricmaterials

Define Capacitan ceand state factors affecting the capacitan ceofaca pacitor

Derivetheformulaforcapacitanceofaparallelplatecapacitor

Statedifferenttypes of capacitors with its uses

Deriveanexpressionforequivalentcapacitance

- i) WhentwoCapacitorsareconnectedinseries
- ii) WhentwoCapacitorsareconnectedinparallel

 $Derive an expression for the {\tt Energy stored} in a capacitor$ 

#### **HYPONATEDCOURSECONTENTS**

#### 1. ConductingMaterialsandSemiconductingmaterials:

Conducting Materials – Properties -Hardening, Annealing - Low Resistivity Materials – Requirements – Properties and applications of Copper and Aluminium - Comparison between Copper and Aluminium - ACSR Conductors, AAAC - High Resistive Materials – Requirements-Properties and applications of Nichrome, Tungsten and Carbon-Semiconducting materials-classification-comparison between intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors –Formation ofP-type and N-type semiconductors.

## 2. InsulatingMaterialsandDi-electricmaterials

Insulating materials – Energy level diagrams of Conductors, Insulators and Semiconductors - Distinguish between Conductors, Insulators and Semiconductors-Factors effecting Insulation resistance-ClassificationofInsulatingmaterials-Properties&ApplicationsofImpregnatedPaper, Wood,Asbestos,Mica,Ceramics,Glass-propertiesandapplicationsofPVC-effectsofthe(i)Filler (ii)Stabilizer(iii)Plasticizer(iv)AdditivesonP.V.C. -PermittivityofdifferentDi -electricmaterials-Polarization - Dielectric Loss – Applications of Dielectrics.

#### 3. MagneticMaterials

Classification of magnetic materials-Soft&Hardmagnetic materials-B-HCurves-Hysteresisloop - Hysteresisloss-Stein metzequation-Eddy Current Loss--Curie Point—Magnetostriction.

#### 4. MagneticeffectsofElectricCurrentandElectromagneticInduction

Coulombs laws- Permeability - Lines of force — Right Hand Thumb rule - Field pattern due to(i) longstraightcurrentcarryingconductor(ii)solenoid-WorkLawanditsapplications—BiotSavart's Law (Laplace Law)- Mechanical force on a current carrying conductor placed inside a magnetic field - Direction of force - Fleming's Left Hand rule- Magnetic circuit- mmf- Flux - Reluctance - Comparison of Magnetic circuit With Electric circuit - Magnetic leakage flux and leakage Coefficient. Faraday's laws — Dynamically and Statically induced E.M.F-Lenz's Law &Fleming's Right Handrule-SelfandMutualinductance-Co-efficientofcoupling-Energystoredinamagneticfield.

#### 5. ElectrostaticsandCapacitance

Coulomb's Laws of Electrostatics—Permittivity, Electric flux, Flux density, Field intensity - Electrostaticfieldpatternsdueto(i)Isolatedpositivecharge(ii)Isolatednegativecharge(iii)Unlike

charges placed side by side (iv) Like charges placed side by side -Comparison of Electrostatic and Magneticlinesofforce - Concept of Electric potential andPotential difference -Di-electricstrength - Di-electricconstant-Capacitance-FactorsaffectingtheCapacitanceofCapacitor-capacitance ofaparallelplatecapacitor-TypesofCapacitors-Equivalentcapacitancewhenconnectedinseries and parallel - Uses- Energy stored in a Capacitor.

## **REFERENCEBOOKS**

- 1 Dr.K.Padmanabham-ElectronicComponents—Laxmipublications(P)Ltd.
- 2 ElectricalEngineeringMaterials—N.IT.T.T.RPublications
- 3 B.K.Agarwal-IntroductiontoEngineeringmaterials—TataMcGrawHillPublishers
- 4 IanP.Jones-MaterialscienceforElectricalandElectronicEngineers-OxfordPublications
- 5 B.L.Theraja-ElectricalTechnology, Vol.-1-S.Chand&Co.Publications

## Syllabus to be Covered for Unit Tests

UnitTest	LearningOutcomestobeCovered
UnitTest-I	From1.1to2.6
UnitTest–II	From2.7to 4.6
UnitTest-III	From4.7to 5.12

# BASICELECTRICALTECHNOLOGY

Course code	Coursetitle	No. of periods/week	Totalno. of Periods	Marksfor FA	Marksfor SA
EE-106	BASICELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY	06	180	20	80

Chapter No.	Title	No. of Periods	Weightage	No.ofshort question (3marks)	No.ofEssay questions (10marks)	CO'S Mapped
1	BasicPrinciples of Electricity	35	19	3	1	CO1
2	Resistive Circuits	40	23	1	2	CO2
3	Work,Power, Energy and Heatingeffects of Electric Current	40	29	3	2	CO3
4	Conversion Techniques	25	13	1	1	CO4
5	Network Theorems	40	26	2	2	CO5
	TOTAL	180	110	10	8	

	i. TounderstandthebasicprinciplesofElectricityandanalysingresistive
	circuits.
COURSE	ii. Tocomprehendtheheatingeffectsofelectriccurrent
OBJECTIVES	iii. Toanalysevarious DC network theorems.

	CO1	EE-106.1	Understandbasicprinciplesofelectricity
	CO2	EE-106.2	Familiarise with various laws and analysis of resistive
	COZ	EE-106.2	circuits
COURSE		EE-106.3	Understandwork,power,energyconceptsandheating
OUTCOMES	CO3	EE-100.5	effectsofElectriccurrent
OUTCOIVILS	CO4 EE-106.4		Analysevariouselectriccircuitsourceconversion
			techniques
	CO5	EE-106.5	AnalysevariousDCnetworktheorems

## **LEARNINGOUTCOMES**

#### 1. BasicPrinciplesofElectricity

DefineElectricCurrent,Potentialdifference,VoltageandEMF

StateOhm'sLawandsolveproblems

ListthelimitationsofOhm's Law

Definethe terms

i)Specificresistanceii)Conductanceiii)Conductivity

Derive the relation  $R = \rho l/a$  and solve the problems

Explaintheeffectsoftemperatureonresistance

Develop the expression for resistance at any temperature as  $R_t = R_o(1 + \alpha_o t)$ 

DefinetemperatureCo-efficientofresistanceandgiveits unit

 $Write the formula for Co-efficient of resistance at any temperatures \pmb{\alpha}_t$ 

$$=\frac{\alpha_0}{1+\alpha_0t}$$

#### 2. ResistiveCircuits

 $\label{lem:pressions} Develop the \ expressions \ for \ equivalent Resistance \ with simple \ SERIES \ and \ PARALLEL$ 

connections

SolveproblemsonequivalentresistanceincaseofSeries-Parallel networks

Statethe conceptof divisionofcurrentwhentwo Resistorsareconnectedinparalleland solve the problems

Differentiatebetweenactiveandpassivecircuits.

Definejunction, branchandloop incircuits

State(i)Kirchhoff'scurrentlaw (KCL) (ii)Kirchhoff'svoltagelaw (KVL)

Solveproblemsbyapplyingbranchcurrentmethodonly

#### 3. Work, Power, Energy and Heating effects of Electric Current

StateandexplainelectricWork,Powerand Energy

SolveproblemsonWork,PowerandEnergy

Mention the typical power ratings of home appliances like Electric lamps (Incandescent, fluorescent, CFL & LED), Water heater, Electric Iron, Fans, Refrigerators, Air and Water coolers, Television sets, Air Conditioners, Water Pumps, Computers, Printers etc.

 $Calculate {\tt Electricity} bill of domestic consumers a {\tt spertheElectricityTariff}$ 

DefineJoule'slawandstateitsexpression.

DefineThermalefficiency

SolveproblemsonElectricheating

 $Explain the applications of heat produced due to Electric current in {\tt Constant} and {\tt Constant} are the {\tt Constant} are$ 

(i)MetalFilamentlamp(ii)Electrickettle(iii)ElectricCooker(iv)Geyser

## 4. ConversionTechniques

Explainstaranddeltacircuits

Explaintheconceptofcircuittransformationandequivalentcircuits

Developtransformation formulae for star-delta transformations and vice-versa

SolveproblemsonStarDeltaTransformation.

Explainidealvoltagesource&idealcurrentsource

ExplainSourcetransformationtechnique

SolvesimpleproblemsonSourcetransformationtechnique

#### 5. NetworkTheorems

Statethe needfornetwork theorems

list different types of theorems applied to DC circuits

StateandexplainSuperpositiontheorem.

StateandexplainThevenin'stheorem.

StateandexplainNorton'stheorem

State and explain Maximum power transfer theorem.

Solveproblemsontheabovetheorems(AllthetheoremswithreferencetoD.Conly)

#### **HYPONATEDCOURSECONTENTS**

# 1. BasicPrinciplesofElectricity

Electric current – Electric Potential, Potential difference, voltage and EMF - Ohm's law and its limitations—Resistance—SpecificResistance—Conductance-Conductivity—effectsoftemperature on resistance-Temperature coefficient of Resistance.

#### 2. ResistiveCircuits

Resistances in series, parallel and series-parallel combinations -concept of division of current whentwoResistorsareconnectedinparallel -activeandpassivecircuits-junction,branch,loop — KCL& KVL.

## 3. Work, Power & Energy and Magnetic Effects of Electric Current

Units of electric Work,Power and Energy – Ratings of different Domestic Appliances - Calculation of Electricity bill of Domestic Consumer – Mechanical Equivalent of Heat (Joules Law) - Thermal Efficiency-Heatproduced due to flow of Current in Metal Filament lamps, Electrical Kettle, Electric Cooker, Geyser

#### 4. ConversionTechniques

Star and delta circuits-ideal voltage source & ideal current source -source transformation- Star-Delta& Delta-Star Transformations.

## 5. NetworkTheorems

Need fornetwork theorems - superposition theorem - Thevenin's Theorem - Norton's theorem - Maximum transfer theorem.

## **REFERENCEBOOKS**

B.L.Theraja–ElectricalTechnology,Vol.-1 – S.Chand&Co. Publications
 V.K.Mehta – IntroductiontoElectrical Engg
 J.B.Gupta – AcourseinElectricalTechnology– KATSON BOOKS

4) G.B.Bharadhwajan&A.SubbaRao - ElementsofElectricalEngineering.

5) WilliamH.Hayt-EngineeringCircuitAnalysis - TataMcGraw-Hill

# ${\bf Syllabus to be Covered for Unit Tests}$

UnitTest	LearningOutcomestobeCovered
UnitTest-I	From1.1to2.4
UnitTest-II	From2.5to 4.2
UnitTest-III	From4.3to5.7

# **ENGINEERINGDRAWING**

Coursecode	CourseTitle	No. of periods /week	TotalNo.of periods	MarksforFA	MarksforSA
EE-107	ENGINEERING DRAWING	3	90	40	60

Chapter No.	Title	No. of Periods	Weightage	No.ofshort question (5marks)	No.ofEssay questions (10marks)	CO'SMapped
1	UseofDrawing Instruments, Free Hand Lettering and Dimensioning Practice	10	10	2	0	CO1
2	Principlesof Geometric Constructions	15	15	1	1	CO2
3	Projectionsof points,lines, planes and solids	20	25	1	2	CO3
4	SectionalViews	20	10	0	1	CO4
5	Orthographic projection	25	20	0	2	CO5
	TOTAL	90	80	4	6	

COURSE	Uponcompletion of the course the students hall be able to understand the				
OBJECTIVES	basic graphic skills and use them in preparation, reading and				
	interpretation of engineering drawings.				

			Practicetheuseofengineeringdrawinginstruments and
	CO1	EE-107.1	Familiarisewiththeconventionstobefollowedin engineering
			drawing as perBIS
	CO2	EE-107.2	Constructthei)basicgeometricalconstructionsii)
COURSE	COZ	EE-107.2	engineeringcurves
OUTCOMES	соз	EE-107.3	Visualiseanddrawtheprojectionsofi)Pointsii)Linesiii)
		EE-107.3	RegularPlanesiv)RegularSolids
	CO4	EE-107.4	Visualiseanddrawthesectionalviewsofcomponents
	CO5	EE-107.5	Visualiseanddrawtheorthographicprojectionsof
		LL-107.3	components

#### **LEARNINGOUTCOMES**

Uponcompletion of the course the students hall able to

#### ${\bf Use of Drawing Instruments,} Free {\bf Hand Lettering and Dimensioning Practice}$

Statetheimportanceofdrawingasanengineeringcommunicationmedium Selectthecorrectinstruments todrawthedifferentlines/curves.

Use correct grade of pencil and other instruments to draw different types of lines and for different purposes

Identifythestepstobe takentokeepthedrawingcleanandtidy.

Write titles using vertical and slopping (inclined) lettering and numerals of 7mm, 10mmand 14mm height.

Acquaintwith the conventions, notations, rules and methods of dimensioning in engineering drawing as per the B.I.S.

Dimension a given drawing using standard notations and desired system of dimensioning.

## Principles of Geometric Constructions

Practicethebasicgeometricconstructionslikei)dividingalineintoequalparts

- i) Exteriorandinteriortangentstothegiventwocircles
- ii) Tangentarcs totwogivenlinesand arcs

Drawanyregularpolygonusinggeneralmethodwheni)sidelengthisgiven

i) Inscribingcircleradiusisgivenii)describingcircleradiusisgiven

Draw theengineeringcurveslikei)involuteii)cycloid

## Projectionsofpoints, lines, planes and solids (All infirst quadrant only)

Explainthebasicprinciplesoftheorthographicprojections

Visualiseanddrawtheprojectionofapointwithrespecttoreferenceplanes(HP&VP)

Visualiseanddrawtheprojections of straightlines with respect to two reference

Planes (up to lines parallel to one plane and inclined to other plane)

Visualiseanddrawtheprojections of planes (uptoplanes perpendicular to one plane and inclined to other plane)

 $V is ualise and draw the projections\ of regular solids like Prisms, Pyramids, Cylinder,$ 

Cone(up to axis of solids parallel to one plane and inclined to other plane)

#### **SectionalViews**

Identifytheneedtodrawsectionalviews.

Drawsectionalviewsofregularsolidsbyapplyingtheprinciplesofhatching.

## 5.0Orthographic projection

Drawtheorthographicviewsofanobjectfromitspictorialdrawing.

Draw theminimumnumberofviewsneededtorepresentagivenobjectfully.

#### Competencies and Key competencies to be achieved by the student

S.No	Majortopic	KeyCompetency
		Explain the linkages between Engineering drawing and other subjects of study in Diploma course.
1.	UseofDrawingInstruments,Free HandLetteringandDimensioning	Selectthecorrectinstruments todraw variousentitiesindifferentorientation
	Practice	<ul> <li>Writetitlesusingslopingandverticallettering and numerals as per B.I.S (Bureau of Indian standards)</li> </ul>
		Dimensionagivendrawingusingstandard notationsanddesiredsystemofdimensioning
2.	Geometricalconstruction	Dividing a line into equal parts, tangents to circles, Construct involute, cycloid from the given data.
3.	Projectionofpoints,Lines, Planes & Solids	Drawtheprojectionsofpoints,straightlines, planes&solidswithrespecttoreference planes (HP& VP)
4.	SectionalViews	<ul> <li>Differentiatebetweentrueshapeand apparent shape of section</li> <li>Applyprinciplesofhatching.</li> <li>Drawsimplesectionsofregularsolids</li> </ul>
5.	OrthographicProjection	Draw the minimum number of views needed to represent a given object fully.

#### **COURSECONTENTS:**

**NOTES:** 1.B.I.SSpecificationshouldinvariablybefollowedinallthetopics.

 $2. \ \ A-3 Size Drawing Sheets are to be used for all Drawing Practice Exercises.$ 

## ${\bf 1.0} \quad Use of Drawing Instruments, Free Hand Lettering and Dimensioning Practice$

Explanationofthe scope and objectives of the subject of Engineering Drawing. Its importance as a graphic communication - Need for preparing drawing as per standards – SP-46 – 1988 – Mention B.I.S - Role of drawing in -engineering education - Basic Tools, tools for drawing – Mentioning of names under each classification and their brief description - Scales: Recommended scales reduced & enlarged - Lines: Types of lines, selection of line thickness - Selection of Pencils - Sheet Sizes: A0, A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, Layout of drawing sheets in respect of A0, A1, A3 sizes, Sizes of the Title block and its contents - Care and maintenance of Drawing Sheet,

Importance of lettering – Types of lettering -Guide Lines for Lettering Practicing of letters & numbers of given sizes (7mm,10mm and 14mm)-Advantages of single stroke or simple style of lettering -Useofletteringstencils- Purpose of engineering Drawing, Need of B.I.S code in dimensioning -Shapedescription of an Engineering object -Definition of Dimensioning size description -Location of features, surface finish, fully dimensioned Drawing -Notations or tools of dimensioning, dimensionline extensionline, leaderline, arrows, symbols, number and notes,

rules to be observed in the use of above tools -Placing dimensions: Aligned system and unidirectional system ( SP-46-1988)-Arrangement of dimensions Chain, parallel, combined progressive, and dimensioning by co-ordinate methods-The rules for dimensioning standard, features "Circles (holes) arcs, angles, tapers, chamfers, and dimension of narrow spaces.

#### 2.0 GeometricConstructions

Division of a straight line into given number of equal parts —Drawinginterior and exterior tangents to two circlesofgiven radiiand centred is tance-Drawing tangent arc of given radius to touch two lines inclined at given angle (acute, right and obtuse angles), Tangent arc of given radius touching a circle or an arc and a given line, Tangent arcs of radius R, touching two given circles internally and externally-Construction of any regular polygon by general method for given side length, inscribing circle radius and describing/superscripting circle radius-Involute, Cycloid, explanations as locus of a moving point, their engineering application, viz., Gear tooth profile, screw threads, springs etc. — their construction

#### 3.0 Projectionofpoints, lines and planes and Solids (All infirst quadrantonly)

Classification of projections, Observer, Object, Projectors, Projection, Reference Planes, Reference Line, Various angles of projections –Differences between first angle and third angle projections

Projections of points -Projections of straight line –(a) Parallel to both the planes, (b)Perpendiculartooneof theplanesand (c) Inclinedtooneplaneand paralleltoother planes-Projections of regular planes-(a)Plane parallel to one of the reference planes, (b)Plane perpendicular to HP and inclined to VP and vice versa-Projections of regular solids- (a) Axis perpendicular to one of theplanes, (b) Axis parallel to VP and inclined to HP and vice versa.

#### 4.0 SectionalViews

Needfordrawingsectionalviews—whatisasectionalview-Hatching—Sectionofregularsolids inclined to one plane and parallel to other plane.

## 5.0 OrthographicProjections

Meaning of orthographic projection - Using a viewing box and a model — Number of views obtained on the six faces of the box, - Legible sketches of only 3 views for describing object - Conceptoffrontview,topview,andsideviewsketchingtheseviewsforanumberofengineering objects - Explanation of first angle projection. — Positioning of three views in First angle projection-Projectionof pointsasameansoflocatingthecornersof thesurfacesof anobject— Use of meter line in drawing a third view when other two views are given -Method of representing hidden lines -Selection of minimum number of views to describe an object fully.

#### **REFERENCEBOOKS**

- 1 EngineeringGraphicsbyPIVarghese–(McGraw-hill)
- 2 EngineeringDrawingbyBasantAgarwal&C.MAgarwal-(McGraw-hill)
- 3 EngineeringDrawingbyN.D.Bhatt.
- 4 T.S.M.&S.S.Mon"TechnicalDrawing" preparedby T.T.I., Madras.
- 5 SP-46-1998-BureauofIndianStandards.

# Table specifying syllabus to be covered for UNITTESTI, II and III.

UnitTest	LearningOutcomestobeCovered
UnitTest–I	From1.1to2.3
UnitTest-II	From3.1to 3.5
UnitTest-III	From4.1to 5.2

# **ELECTRICALWIRINGLABORATORY**

Course code	Coursetitle	No. of periods/ week	Total no.of periods	Marks forFA	Marksfor SA
EE-108	ELECTRICALWIRING LABORATORY	06	180	40	60

S.no	ChapterTitle	No.of Periods	CO'SMapped
1	WiringtoolsandAccessories	20	CO1
2	ElectricalWiringJointsandSoldering Practice	30	CO2
3	LampCircuits	50	CO3
4	DCandACcircuits	40	CO4
5	Testandrepairofdomesticappliances	40	CO5
	TOTAL	180	

	1)	Tofamiliarisewiththeknowledgeofdifferentwiringtoolsusedin
		electrical wiring
COURSE	2)	Toknowthe etiquetteofworkinginthedomesticwiring
OBJECTIVES	3)	Toidentifyandrectifythesimplefaultsthatcanoccur indomestic
		appliances

COURSE	CO1	EE-108.1	Understandingvarioustoolsandknowtheir usage
	CO2	EE-108.2	Performdifferentjoints, Soldering practice and execute different wiring circuits
OUTCOMES	CO3	EE-108.3	Performvarious lamp control methods
	CO4	EE-108.4	IdentifythedifferencebetweenDCand AC
	CO5	EE-108.5	Testingandrepairing of domestic applications.

#### **LEARNINGOUTCOMES**

## 1. WiringToolsandAccessories

Identify the following electrical wiring tools with respect to

- i) Size ii)Shape iii)Purpose iv)Speedv)Use
- a) Screwdrivers
- b) Pliers
- c) Drillingmachines&Drilling Bits.
- d) Rawlplugjumper, and poker
- e) Voltage/linetester
- f) Splicers(insulationremover)
- g) StandardWire gauge

Identify different types of Electrical Wiring accessories with respect to

- i) Size ii) Shape iii) Purpose iv) Use.
- a) Switches
- b) Ceilingroses
- c) LampHoldersandAdopters
- d) Sockets
- e) Plug
- f) Fuses

Identifydifferenttypesofmainswitcheswithrespect to

i) Ratingii)Purposeiii)Use.

SP, DP mains, TP, ICDP, ICTP, SPDT, DPDT, TPDT, Change over-Knife type, Rotary, Micro, Andrews of the Compact of the Compact

Modular switches, 2-pole and 3-pole MCBs

Studydifferenttypesofwiresand cables(1/18,3/20,7/20)withrespecttosizesrating,purpose and use etc

#### 2. ElectricalWiringJointsandSolderingPractice

PrepareStraightjoint/Marriedjoint

PrepareTjoint

PrepareWesternunionjoint

PreparePigtailjoint

Familiarisationtousesolderingtoolsandcomponents

SolderingsimpleelectroniccircuitsonPCB

## 3. LampCircuits

 $Make a circuit with One\ lamp controlled by one switch using PVC surface conduits ystem$ 

Make a circuit with Two lamps controlled by two switches using PVC surface conduits ystem

MakeacircuitwithOne lampcontrolledbyoneswitchandprovisionof2/3-pinsocket.

MakeacircuitforStair-casewiring

MakeacircuitforGo-downwiring

ControltwoLampsbySeries-Parallelconnectionusingone1-wayswitch&two 2-way switches with PVC surface conduit system

Control two sub-circuits through Energy meter, MCB's and two 1-ways witches.

Prepares witch board with stardel tastarter, MCB, Pilot lamps for 3 phase motor

Controlandpractice thewiringforFluorescentLamp

 $Connect Computer by mains witch board with a miniature circuit\ breaker.$ 

## 4. DCandAC circuits

Demonstrateunidirectionalcurrentflowwith12Vbattery DeterminepolarityusingaVoltmeter/LED DemonstrateACusingaLowvoltageTransformer PracticeSeriesandParallelconnectionofLamps PracticeBrightandDimlightarrangement

# 5. TestandrepairoftheDomestic appliances

Testingandrepairofelectricheater Testingandrepairofiron box Testingandrepairofelectrickettle Testingandrepairofelectriccooker Testingandrepairofelectricgeyser

# Competencies to be achieved by the Student:

S.No	Competencies	KeyCompetencies
1	Handlethedifferentwiring tools and accessories a) Selectswitches, and MCB's b) Identifywires and cables as per the requirements of the load.	<ul> <li>Identifythesizeandspecificationsofvarious tools used for electrical wiring.</li> <li>Understandtheusageofthestandardwire gauge.</li> <li>Identifythetype,sizeandspecificationsofDP mains,</li> </ul>
2.1	To prepare a Straight joint/Marriedjointusinga7/20 Al.Cable	<ul><li>Identifythesizeofthecable</li><li>PerformsplicingofInsulationproperly.</li><li>PerformStraightjoint/Marriedjoint</li></ul>
2.2	ToprepareaTjointusinga 7/20 Al. Cable	<ul> <li>Inserttheleads of thewiresproperlyas perthe sketches.</li> <li>Twistthewires properly.</li> </ul>
2.3	Toprepare a Westernunion jointusingasinglestrandAl. Cable	<ul><li>Overlapthetwowires properly</li><li>Twistthebindingwiresproperly</li></ul>
2.4	ToprepareaPigtailjointusing a single strand Copper Cable	<ul><li>PlacethewiresinV-shape.</li><li>Twistthewiresinclockwisedirection.</li></ul>
2.5	ToFamiliarisevarioussoldering tools and components	IdentifyingSolderinggun,flux,lead
2.6	Tosoldersimpleelectronic circuits on PCB	<ul><li>Drawthelayoutof circuit</li><li>CarefullySolderingthecircuitonPCB.</li></ul>
3.1	Tocontrolonelampbyone1- way switch with PVC surface conduit wiring system	<ul> <li>Drawwiring diagram</li> <li>Identifythesizeofcable,PVCpipe,typeof1-way switch and lamp holder.</li> <li>MakeConnectionsasperWiringDiagram</li> </ul>

3.2	Tocontroltwolampsbytwo1- way switches withPVC surface conduit wiring system	<ul> <li>Drawwiring diagram</li> <li>Handle the screw driver, electrician Knife, line tester to fix the PVC pipe using saddles and junction boxes.</li> <li>Select colour and length of wire for phase and neutral</li> <li>Switchonthesupplyaftermakingofthe connections</li> <li>Disconnectthecircuitaftertesting.</li> </ul>
3.3	Tocontrolonelampand2/3 pin socket by two1-way switcheswithPVCsurface conduit wiring system	<ul> <li>Connect2/3pinsocketproperlywithrespectto phase, neutral and earth.</li> <li>Connectphasewirethroughswitches.</li> </ul>
3.4	Stair-casewiring	<ul> <li>Selecttwo2-wayswitches</li> <li>Connect2-wayswitchesasper circuitdiagram.</li> <li>Testwith1-phase,230V,50Hzsupplytothe circuit connected through ICDP switch.</li> </ul>
3.5	Go-downwiringscheme	<ul> <li>Drawwiring diagram</li> <li>Connectthe circuitasper the diagram.</li> <li>Observesequenceofoperationof switches</li> <li>Test with 1-phase,230 V,50 Hz supply to the circuit, neutral wire to the bottom point of the 1-wayswitchandphasetothefirstpointof lamp holder</li> </ul>
3.6	Series-Parallelconnection	<ul> <li>Select colour and length of wire for phase and neutral.</li> <li>Makeconnectionsasperwiring diagram.</li> <li>DrawwirethroughPVCpipeproperly</li> <li>Observe glow intensity of lamps for series and parallel connections</li> </ul>
3.7	Control two sub circuits throughEnergymeter,MCB's and two1- way switches	<ul> <li>Drawwiring diagram.</li> <li>Identifythesizeofcable,1-wayswitch,PVC pipe, MCB, capacity of Inverter and Socket</li> <li>ReadthespecificationsofMCB,capacityof Inverter and Socket</li> <li>Makeconnectionsasperwiring diagram.</li> <li>DrawwirethroughPVCpipeproperly.</li> <li>ConnectsupplytoInverterthroughMCBproperly.</li> <li>Selectappropriatesocketwithswitch control.</li> <li>Makeearthwireconnectionsforrequired points.</li> </ul>

3.8	Prepareswitchboardwithstar deltastarter,MCB,Pilotlamps for 3 phase motor	<ul> <li>Selectthesizeofcable,PVCpipe,star-delta starter, MCB and lamp holder</li> <li>Makeconnectionsasperwiring diagram.</li> <li>DrawwirethroughPVCpipeproperly.</li> <li>Draw wire ofthe 3-phase tothe motorthrough star-delta starter.</li> <li>Test with 3-phase, 415 V,50 Hz supply to the circuit connected through ICDP switch.</li> <li>Testbychanginganytwophasesofinputsupply</li> </ul>			
3.9	Wiringpracticeoffluorescent lamp	<ul> <li>Makeconnectionsasperwiring diagram.</li> <li>Connecttoppointandbottompointofthe choke to tube light properly.</li> <li>Notetheimportanceandworkingof starter.</li> </ul>			
3.10	Connect computer by main switchboardwithaminiature circuit breaker.	<ul> <li>Drawwiring diagram.</li> <li>Identifythesizeofcable,1-wayswitch,PVC pipe, MCB and Sockets</li> <li>ReadthespecificationsofMCBandSockets</li> <li>Makeconnectionsasperwiring diagram.</li> <li>ConnectsupplytoComputerthroughMCB properly.</li> <li>Selectappropriatesocketswith1-wayswitch control.</li> <li>Makeearthwireconnectionsforrequirepoints.</li> </ul>			
4.1	Demonstratedifference between DC and AC	<ul> <li>ConnectDCsourceandmeasureV&amp;I</li> <li>ConnectproperACsourceandmeasureV&amp;I</li> <li>Makeinferences.</li> </ul>			
5.1	Testingandrepairofdomestic appliances	<ul> <li>Inspecttheappliancevisually.</li> <li>Checkforany discrepancies.</li> <li>Performthedisassembling operation</li> <li>Testtheinnerpartsforanyfaults</li> <li>Rectifythefaultsif any.</li> <li>Replacethepartsifnecessary.</li> <li>Performtheassembling.</li> <li>Test the Domesticappliance for proper functioning.</li> </ul>			

# Note:

- 1. Everystudenthas tobringinsulated toolkitand follow the general safety precautions throughout the lab sessions
- 2. Shouldnottouchtheliveterminals.

# **PHYSICSLAB**

Coursecode	Coursetitle	No.of periods/ periods		Marksfor FA	Marksfor SA
EE-109	PHYSICSLAB	1.5	45	20	30

S.No	Listofexperiments	No.of Periods	CO's Mapped		
1.	Verniercalipers	03			
2.	Micrometer(Screw gauge)	r(Screw gauge) 03			
3.	VerificationofLami's theoremusing concurrent forces	03			
4.	Determination of 'g'using simple pendulum	03			
5.	Focallengthandfocalpowerofconvexlens	03	CO2		
6.	Refractiveindexofsolidusingtravellingmicroscope	03			
7.	VerificationofBoyle'slawusingQuilltube	03			
8	Determinationofpolestrengthofthebarmagnetthroughmagnetic fieldlines	03	CO3		
9	Resonanceapparatus-Determination of velocity of sound in air	03			
	Experimentsfordemonstration				
10	Meterbridge–Determinationofresistanceandspecificresistanceof a wire	03			
11	Verification of Newton's law of cooling	03	CO4		
12	Photoelectriccell–Studyofitscharacteristics	03			
	Revision	06			
	Test	03			
	Total:	45			

COURSE OBJECTIVES	<ul> <li>(1) ToprovidestrongpracticalknowledgeofPhysicstoserveasatool for various device applications in Engineering.</li> <li>(2) To enhance scientific skills of the students by incorporating new experimentssoastoenrichthe technicalexpertiseofthestudentsas required for industries.</li> </ul>
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	CO1	Improvingaccuracyinvariousmeasurements;understandingthe nature of the forces keeping the body in equilibrium.
	CO2	Estimating the acceleration caused by the gravity of earth; Practical study of the concepts of refraction of light at curved/planesurface.
COURSE OUTCOMES	CO3	Understanding the pressure of the gas as function of its volume; studyofthe combinedmagneticfieldoftheearthand anartificial magnet to estimate its pole strength; Estimating the velocity of soundinairthroughresonancephenomenon.
	CO4	Applying Kirchoff's laws to evaluate the specific resistance of a wire; Study of exchange of heat from system to surrounding by graphicalanalysis, Conversion of lightener gytomic rocurrents as potential engineering application.

# **CO-POMAPPING**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	1	2
CO2	3		1	1	1	1	1
CO3	3	2			1		
CO4	3	2	2			1	2

## **CO-POMappingStrength**

EE-109	P NoofCo	Noofperiods45			
POs	MappedwithCONo	iodsaddres: Col 1 NO	singPOin %	1,2,3	remarks
PO1	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4	15	33.3%	2	
PO2	CO1,CO3,CO4	8	17.8%	1	>40% level 3 (highlyaddressed)
PO3	CO1,CO2,CO4	6	13.3%	1	25% to 40% level 2
PO4	CO1,CO2	3	6.7%	1	(moderatelyaddressed) 5%to25%level1(Low
PO5	CO1,CO2,CO3	5	11.1%	1	addressed)
PO6	CO1,CO2,CO4	3	6.7%	1	<5% (notaddressed)
PO7	CO1,CO2,CO4	5	11.1%	1	

3=stronglymapped,2=moderatelymapped, 1=slightlymapped

Note: The gaps in CO and PO mapping will be achieved by one or more appropriate activities from the following.

(i)Seminars (ii)Viva-voce (iii)Assignments

(iv)Quizcompetitions(v)Industrialvisits (vi)Techfest (vii)Miniproject

(viii)Groupdiscussions(ix)Virtuallabs (x)Libraryvisitfore-books

#### **LEARNINGOUTCOMES**

## Uponcompletion of the course the students hall be able to

- 1.0 Practice with Vernier calipers to determine the volumes of cylinder and sphere.
- 2.0 PracticewithScrewgaugetodeterminethicknessofa glassplateandcrosssectionalareaof a wire.
- 3.0 VerifytheLami'stheoremusingconcurrentforces.
- 4.0 Determine the value of acceleration due to gravity (g) using Simple Pendulum. To verify the result from I-T² graph.
- 5.0 Calculate the Focal length and focal power of convex lens using distant object method and U-V method. To verify the result from U-V graph and 1/U-1/V graph methods.
- 6.0 Determinetherefractive index of a solid using travelling microscope
- 7.0 VerifytheBoyle'slawusingQuilltube.TodrawagraphbetweenPand 1/l.

- 8.0 Determination of magnetic polestrength of a barmagnet by drawing magnetic lines of force and locating null points (either N N or N S method)
- 9.0 Determine the velocity of sound in air atroom temperature and its value at zero degree Centigrade using resonance apparatus.
- $10.0 \quad Determine the resistance and specific resistance of material of a wire using Meter Bridge$
- 11.0 ToverifytheNewton'slawofcooling.
- 12..0 Tostudythecharacteristicsofphotoelectriccell.

# Competencies and Key competencies to be achieved by the student

Name of the Experiment(Nu	Competencies	Keycompetencies
1 . Practice on Vernier Calipers(03)	<ul> <li>FindtheLeast count</li> <li>Fixthespecimeninposition</li> <li>Readthescales</li> <li>Calculatethephysicalquantitiesof given object</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Readthescales</li> <li>Calculatetherequisite         physical quantities of         given objects</li> <li>Calculatingvolumesofthe         cylinder and sphere</li> </ul>
2.PracticeonScrew gauge(03)	<ul> <li>FindtheLeast count</li> <li>Fixthespecimenin         position</li> <li>Readthescales</li> <li>Calculatethicknessofglassplate         and cross section of wire from         radius</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Readthescales</li> <li>Notingzero error</li> <li>Calculate thickness of given glass plate</li> <li>Calculatecrosssection of wirefrom radius</li> </ul>
3. Verification of Lami's theorem forces(03)	<ul> <li>Makingexperimentalsetup</li> <li>Fixsuitable weights</li> <li>Notethepositionsofthreadson drawing sheet</li> <li>Findtheanglesbetweenthe concurrent forces</li> <li>Changingweightsappropriately</li> <li>VerifyLami'stheorem</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Measuringangles         betweentheforces</li> <li>Marking the directions         forces on a paper         <ul> <li>VerifyingLami'stheorem             from the weights and             measured angles             between the forces.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

4.Simple pendulum(03)	<ul> <li>Fixthesimplependulumtothe stand</li> <li>Adjustthelengthofpendulum</li> <li>Findthetimefornumberof oscillations (say 20)</li> <li>Findthetimeperiod</li> <li>Calculatetheaccelerationdueto gravity</li> <li>Drawl-T<sup>2</sup>graph</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Findthetimefornumberof oscillations</li> <li>Findthetimeperiod</li> <li>Calculatetheacceleration due to gravity</li> <li>Verifyforml-T<sup>2</sup>graph</li> </ul>
5.Focallengthand Focal power of convexiens (03)	<ul> <li>Fixtheobject distance</li> <li>FindtheImage distance</li> <li>Calculatethefocallengthand power of convex lens</li> <li>Drawu-vand1/u-1/v graphs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Find focal length from distant object method.</li> <li>Calculate the focal length and power of convex lens</li> <li>Verify result from u-v and 1/u – 1/v graphs</li> </ul>
6Refractiveindexof solid using traveling microscope(03)	<ul> <li>FindtheleastcountofVernieron microscope</li> <li>Placethegraphpaperbelow microscope</li> <li>Readthescales</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reading the scales on         Microscope.</li> <li>Fiding real and apparent         thickness of the slab</li> <li>Calculatetherefractive</li> <li>Fixing Quill tube in various</li> </ul>
7 . Boyle's law verification(03)	<ul> <li>Notetheatmosphericpressure</li> <li>FixtheQuilltubetoretortstand</li> <li>Findthelengthofair column</li> <li>Findthepressureofenclosed air</li> <li>Findandcomparethecalculated values of P x I</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fixing Quili tube in Various positions on retort stand.</li> <li>Find the length of air column</li> <li>Find the pressure of enclosed air</li> <li>FindthevaluesofPxl</li> <li>VerifyBoyle'slaw.</li> </ul>
8.Mapping of magnetlinesof force (03)	<ul> <li>Drawmagneticmeridian</li> <li>Place the bar magnet in N-N or N-S directions</li> <li>Drawmagneticlinesofforce</li> <li>Locatetheneutralpoints</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Drawthepatternofmagnetic lines of force</li> <li>Locatetheneutralpoints</li> <li>Calculatingpolestrengthof the bar magnet</li> </ul>

9. Velocity of sound in air  -Resonance method(03)	<ul> <li>Arrangetheresonanceapparatus</li> <li>Adjustthereservoirlevelfor booming sound</li> <li>Findthefirstandsecond resonanting lengths</li> <li>Calculatevelocityofsound.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Adjustthereservoirlevel</li> <li>Find the first and second resonanting lengths</li> <li>Calculate velocity of sound at room temperature and at 0° C</li> </ul>
10.Meterbridge(03)	<ul> <li>Makethecircuitconnections</li> <li>Findthebalancinglength</li> <li>Calculateunknownresistance</li> <li>Findtheradiusof wire</li> <li>Calculatethespecificresistance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Making connections as per circuit diagram.</li> <li>Findthebalancinglength</li> <li>Calculate unknown resistance</li> <li>Calculate the specific resistance of the given wire</li> </ul>
11.Verification of Newton'slawof Cooling (03)	<ul> <li>Heatingliquidinabeaker         using a heating element</li> <li>Insertingthermometerinliquidin         calorimeter</li> <li>Stirringliquid</li> <li>Measuringtemperatures as a         functionoftimeusingthermometer</li> <li>Plottingacooling curve</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Measuring temperature of a liquid as function of time.</li> <li>Plottingacoolingcurve.</li> <li>Verifying Newton's law of cooling.</li> </ul>
12. Photo electric cell–Studyofits Characteristics(03)	<ul> <li>Experimentalsetupandmaking connections</li> <li>Veryfying intensity of light by varyingdistancesbetweenlight source and photocell.</li> <li>MeasuringVoltageandcurrent values.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Making connections for experimental set up.</li> <li>Varying distances appropriately</li> <li>MeasuringVoltageand current values.</li> <li>StudyofV-ICharacteristics form graph.</li> </ul>

# Scheme of Valuation for End Practical Examination:

Activity	Marks
Forwriting, Apparatus, formulae, least count (if applicable)	5
Procedure&precautions	5
DrawingTables	3
Readings,calculations,graph(ifapplicable),reportingthefindings	12
Viva-voce	5
Totalmarks	30

# **CHEMISTRYLAB**

Coursecode	Coursetitle	No.of periods/ week	Totalno.of periods	Marksfor FA	Marksfor SA
EE-110	CHEMISTRY LAB	1.5	45	20	30

S.No	NameoftheExperiment	No. of Periods	Mapped with COs
1.	a) Recognitionofchemicalsubstancesandsolutionsusedinthe laboratory by senses.     b) FamiliarizationofmethodsforVolumetricanalysis.	03	CO1
2.	Preparation of Std. Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> solution and making solutions of different	03	CO1
3.	$Estimation of HCl solution using Std. Na_{2}CO_{3} solution. \\$	03	CO2
4.	EstimationofNaOHusingStd.HClsolution.	03	CO2
5.	Determinationofacidityofwatersample.	03	CO2
6.	Determinationofalkalinityofwatersample.	03	CO2
7.	EstimationofMohr'sSaltusingStd.KMnO <sub>4</sub> .Solution.	03	CO3
8.	EstimationofFerrousionbyusingStd.K2Cr2O7solution.	03	CO3
9.	DeterminationoftotalhardnessofwatersampleusingStd.EDTA solution	03	CO4
10.	Estimationof Chloridespresent inwatersamplebyusingStd.AgNO <sub>3</sub> solution.	03	CO4
11.	EstimationofDissolvedOxygen(D.O)inwatersamplebyusingStd. hyposolution.	03	CO5
12.	DeterminationofpHusingpHmeter.	03	CO5
13.	Determination of conductivity of water and adjusting ionic strength	03	CO5
14.	Determinationofturbidityofwater.	03	CO5
15.	Estimation of total solid spresent inwaters ample.	03	CO5
	Total:	45	

	CO1	Operateandpracticevolumetricapparatusand preparation of standard solution.
	CO2	Evaluateandjudgetheneutralizationpointinacidbase titration.
COURSE OUTCOMES	CO3	Evaluatetheendpointofreductionandoxidation reaction.
	CO4	Judgethestableendpointofcomplexformation, stableprecipitation.
	CO5	Judgeoperateanddemonstrateandperformprecise operationswithinstrumentforinvestigationofwater pollution parameters.

# **PO-COmapping**

EE-110		No.ofperiods:45			
Pos	MappedwithCO No.	COperiods addressing PO in Col. No.1	%	Level 1,2,3	Remarks
PO1	CO1,CO2,CO3, CO4,CO5	12	26.66	2	>40% Level3(highly
PO2	CO1,CO2,CO3, CO4,CO5	9	20	1	addressed)
PO3					25%to40%
PO4	CO1,CO2,CO3, CO4,CO5	12	26.66	2	Level2(moderately addressed)
PO5	CO2,CO3, CO4,CO5	12	26.66	2	5%to 25%
PO6	-	-	-	-	Level1(Low
PO7	-	-	-	-	addressed) <5%(notaddressed)

# **COs-POsmappingstrength(aspergiventable)**

со	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	2	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	2	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	2	1	ı	2	2	-	ı	1	-	-
CO5	2	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-

 ${\it 3-strongly mapped 2-moderately mapped 1-slightly mapped}$ 

Note:ThegapsinCOandPOmappingwillbeachievedbyoneormoreappropriateactivities from the following: i) Seminars ii) Tutorials iii) Guest Lectures iv) Assignments v) Quiz competitions vi) Industrial visit vii) Tech Fest viii) Mini project ix) Group discussions x) Virtual classes xi) Library visit for e-books

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

## Uponcompletionofthecoursethestudentshallbeable to

- 1.0 To identify the chemical compounds and solutions by senses. Practice volumetric measurements (using pipettes, measuring jars, volumetric flask, burettes) and gravimetric measurements (using different types of balances), making dilutions, etc.
- 2.0 Practicemakingstandardsolutionswithpreweighedsaltsandtomakesolutionsof desired dilutions using appropriate techniques.
- 3.0 Conduct titrationsadopting standard proceduresand using Std. Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solutionfor estimation of HCI
- 4.0 Conduct titrations adopting standard procedures and using Std. HCl solution for estimation of NaOH.
- 5.0 Conducttitrationsadoptingstandardprocedurestodeterminetheacidityofgivensamplesofwater (One ground water and one surface / tap water, and rain water if available).
- 6.0 Conduct titrations adopting standard procedures to determine the alkalinity of given samples ofwater (One ground water and one surface / tap water).
- 7.0 Conduct titrations adopting standard procedures and using Std.KMnO<sub>4</sub> solution for estimation of Mohr'sSalt.
- 8.0 Conduct titrations adopting standard procedures and using Std.K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> solution for estimation of Ferrous ion.
- 9.0 Conduct titrationsadoptingstandardprocedurestodeterminethetotalhardnessof givensamples of water (One ground water and one surface / tap water) using Std. EDTA solution.
- 10. Conducttitrationsadoptingstandardprocedurestodeterminethechlorides presentinthegiven samples of water (One ground water and one surface / tap water) using Std. AgNO<sub>3</sub>solution.
- 11. Conduct the test using titrimetric / electrometric method to determine. Dissolved Oxygen (D.O) in the given water samples (One sample from closed container and one from open container / tap water) by Std. Hypo solution.
- 12. Conduct thetest ongivensamplesof water/solutions(likesoftdrinks, sewage, etc.)todetermine their pH using standard pH meter.
- 13. Conductthetestongivensamplesofwater/solutions.
  - a) todetermineconductivity.
  - b) toadjusttheionicstrengthof thesampletothedesiredvalue.
- 14. Conduct the teston given samples of solutions (coloured and non-coloured) to determine their turbidity in NTU.
- 15. Determine the total solid spresentingiven samples of water (One ground water and one surface / tap water).

# Competencies and Key competencies to be achieved by the student

NamoofthoEvnoriment					
NameoftheExperiment (No of Periods)	Competencies	Keycompetencies			
Recognition of chemical substancesandsolutions. Familiarization of methods for Volumetric analysis. (03)	-				
PreparationofStd.Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3S</sub> olution and making solutions of different dilutions. (03)	<ul> <li>Weighingthesalttotheaccuracy of .01 mg.</li> <li>Measuring the water with volumetricflask,measuringjar, volumetric pipette and graduated pipette.</li> <li>Makingappropriatedilutions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Weighingthesalttothe accuracy of 0.01 mg.</li> <li>Measuring the water with volumetricflask, measuring jar, volumetric pipette and graduated pipette.</li> <li>Makingappropriate dilutions.</li> </ul>			
EstimationofHCl solution usingStd.Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> solution. (03)					
EstimationofNaOHusing Std.HClsolution.(03)	<ul><li>Cleaningtheglasswareand rinsing with appropriate</li></ul>				
Determinationofacidityof watersample.(03)	<ul><li>solutions.</li><li>Makingstandardsolutions.</li><li>Measuring accurately the</li></ul>				
Determination of alkalinity of watersample. (03)	standardsolutionsandtitrants.  Fillingtheburettewithtitrant.  Fixingtheburettetothestand.				
EstimationofMohr'sSalt usingStd.KMnO <sub>4</sub> solution. (03)	<ul><li>EffectivelyControllingtheflowof the titrant.</li><li>Identifyingtheendpoint.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Makingstandardsolutions.</li> <li>Measuringaccuratelythe standard solutions and</li> </ul>			
EstimationofFerrousion byusing Std.K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7.</sub> solution(03)	<ul><li>Makingaccurateobservations.</li><li>Calculatingtheresults.</li></ul>	<ul><li>titrants.</li><li>EffectivelyControllingthe flow of the titrant.</li><li>Identifyingtheendpoint.</li></ul>			
Determinationoftotal hardnessofwaterusing Std.EDTAsolution.(03)		<ul><li>Makingaccurate observations.</li></ul>			
EstimationofChlorides presentinwatersample usingStd.AgNO₃solution (03)					
EstimationofDissolved Oxygen(D.O)inwater sample(By titration method)(03)					
DeterminationofpHusing pH meter.(03)	<ul><li>Familiarizewithinstrument.</li><li>Chooseappropriate'Mode'/</li></ul>	<ul><li>Prepare standard solutions / buffers, etc.</li></ul>			

Determination of conductivity of water and adjustingionicstrengthto required level. (03)	'Unit'.  Prepare standard solutions / buffers, etc.  Standardize the instrument	<ul> <li>Standardize the instrument with appropriate standard solutions.</li> </ul>
Determinationofturbidity of water.(03)	with appropriate standard solutions.  Plotthestandardcurve.  Make measurements accurately.  FollowSafetyprecautions.	<ul> <li>Plotthestandardcurve.</li> <li>Make measurements accurately.</li> </ul>
Estimationoftotalsolids presentinwatersample. (03)	<ul> <li>Measuring the accurate volume and weight of sample.</li> <li>Filtering and air drying without losing any filtrate.</li> <li>Accuratelyweighingthe filter paper, crucible and filtrate.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Measuring the accurate volume and weight of sample.</li> <li>Filtering and air drying without losing any filtrate.</li> <li>Accurately weighing the filter paper, crucible and</li> </ul>

# **SCHEMEOFVALUATION**

	Total	30M
C)	Makingaccurateobservations.  Viva-voce.	5M
	controlling the flow of the titrant. Identifying the end point.	
B)	Demonstratedcompetencies.  Makingstandardsolutions.  Measuringaccuratelythestandardsolutionsandtitrants. Effectively	20M
A)	WritingChemicals,apparatus,principleandprocedure.	5M

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# COMPUTERFUNDAMENTALSLABORATORY

Course code	CourseTitle	No. of Periods/Weeks	TotalNo.of periods	Marksfor FA	Marksfor SA
EE-111	COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS LABORATORY	3	90	40	60

## Timeschedule:

S.No.	Chapter/UnitTitle	No.ofsessions each of 3 periods duration	No. of Periods	CO's Mapped
1.	ComputerhardwareBasics	2	6	CO1
2.	WindowsOperatingSystem	2	6	CO1
3.	MSWord	8	24	CO2
4.	MSExcel	7	21	CO3
5.	MSPowerPoint	5	15	CO4
6	AdobePhotoshop	6	18	CO5
	Totalperiods	30	90	

	i)ToknowHardwareBasics
	ii) Tofamiliarize operating systems
COURSE	iii) To use MS Office effectively to enable to students use these skills in
OBJECTIVES	futurecourses
	iv) TouseAdobePhotoshopinimageediting.

	Attheendofthecoursestudentswillbeableto			
	CO1	CM-111.1	Identifyhardwareandsoftwarecomponents	
	CO2	CM-111.2	Preparedocumentswithgivenspecificationsusingword	
COURSE			processingsoftware	
OUTCOMES	CO3	CM-111.3	UseSpreadsheetsoftwaretomakecalculationandto	
OUTCOIVIES	drawvariousgraphs/ charts.			
	CO4	CM-111.4	Use Power point software to develop effective	
			presentationforagiventhemeortopic.	
	CO5	CM-111.5	EditdigitalorscannedimagesusingPhotoshop	

#### **LEARNINGOUTCOMES:**

#### I. ComputerHardwareBasics

- ${\bf 1.}\ a) To Familiarize with Computer system and hardware connections$ 
  - b) ToStartandShutdownComputercorrectly
  - c) Tocheckthesoftwaredetailsofthecomputer
- 2. Tocheckthehardwarepresentinyourcomputer

## II. Windows'soperatingsystem

- 3. ToExploreWindowsDesktop
- 4. WorkingwithFilesandFolders
- 5. WindowsAccessories:Calculator-Notepad-WordPad-MSPaint

## III. PracticewithMS-WORD

- TofamiliarizewithRibbonlayoutofMSWord Home–Insert-Pagelayout–References–Review-View.
- 7. TopracticeWordProcessingBasics
- 8. TopracticeFormattingtechniques
- 9. Toinsertatableofrequirednumberofrowsandcolumns
- 10. ToinsertObjects,ClipartandHyperlinks
- 11. TouseMailMergefeatureofMS Word
- 12. TouseEquationsandsymbolsfeatures

### IV. PracticewithMS-EXCEL

- 13. TofamiliarizewithMS-EXCELlayout
- 14. Toaccessandenterdatainthecells
- 15. Toeditaspreadsheet-Copy, Cut, Paste, and selecting Cells
- 16. TousebuiltinfunctionsandFormattingData
- 17. TocreateExcelFunctions,FillingCells
- 18. Toenter a Formula for automatic calculations
- 19. Tosortandfilterdataintable.
- 20. TopresentdatausingExcelGraphsand Charts.
- ${\bf 21.}\ To develop lab reports of respective discipline.$
- 22. ToformataWorksheetinExcel,PageSetupandPrint

## V. PracticewithMS-POWERPOINT

- 23. TofamiliarizewithRibbonlayoutfeaturesofPowerPoint2007.
- 24. TocreateasimplePowerPointPresentation
- 25. Toset upaMasterSlideinPowerPoint
- 26. ToinsertTextand Objects
- 27. ToinsertaFlowCharts
- 28. ToinsertaTable
- 29. ToinsertaCharts/Graphs
- 30. Toinsertvideoand audio

- 31. TopracticeAnimatingtextandobjects
- 32. ToReview presentation

# VI. Practicewith AdobePhotoshop

- 33. Tofamiliarizewithstandardtoolbox
- 34. Toeditaphotograph.
- 35. ToinsertBordersaroundphotograph.
- ${\bf 36.}\ To change Background of a Photograph.$
- 37. TochangecolorsofPhotograph.
- 38. Topreparea coverpagefor thebookinyour subjectarea.
- $39. \ To adjust the brightness and contrast of the pictures other it gives an elegant look.$
- 40. Totypeawordandapplytheshadowembosseffects.

## **KEYCOMPETENCIES:**

Expt No	Nameof Experiment	Competencies	Keycompetencies
1 (a).	To familiarize with Computersystemand hardwareconnections	a. Identify the parts of a Computersystem:i).CPUii). MotherBoardiii)Monitoriv) CD/DVD Drive v) Power Switch vi) Start Button vii) ResetButton b. Identifyandconnectvarious peripherals c. Identify and connect the cablesusedwithcomputer system d. IdentifyvariousportsonCPU and connect Keyboard & Mouse	Connect cables to externalhardwareand operate the computer
1 (b).	ToStartandShutdown Computer correctly	<ul><li>a. Loginusingthe password</li><li>b. Startandshutdownthe</li><li>computer</li><li>c. UseMouseandKeyBoard</li></ul>	<ul><li>a. Loginandlogoutas</li><li>per the standard</li><li>procedure</li><li>b. Operatemouse</li><li>&amp;KeyBoard</li></ul>
1 (c).	To Explore Windows Desktop	<ul> <li>a. FamiliarizewithStartMenu,     Taskbar,Iconsand Shortcuts</li> <li>b. Accessapplicationprograms     using Start menu, Task     manager</li> <li>c. UseHelpsupport</li> </ul>	a. Access application     programsusingStart     menu     b. UsetaskbarandTask     manager

2.	To check the software	a. FindthedetailsofOperating	Access the
	detailsofthecomputer	System being used	properties of
		b. FindthedetailsofService	computerandfind
		Packinstalled	thedetails
3.	Tocheckthehardware	a. FindtheCPUnameand	a. Access device
	present in your	clock speed	managerandfind
	computer	b. FindthedetailsofRAMand	the details
		Hard disk present	b. Type /Navigate the
		c. AccessDevicemanagerusing	correct path and
		Control Panel and check the	Selecticonrelatedto
		status of devices like mouse	the details required
		and key board	
		d. Use My Computer to check	
		thedetailsofHarddrivesand	
		partitions	
		e. Usethe Taskbar	
4.	WorkingwithFilesand	a. Create folders and organizing	a. Create files and
	Folders	files in different folders	folders Rename,
		b. Use copy / paste move	arrangeandsearch
		commandstoorganizefiles	for the required
		and folders	folder/file
		c. Arrangeicons–namewise,	b.Restoredeletedfiles
	WorkingwithFilesand	size, type, Modified	from Recycle bin
	Folders	d. Searchafileorfolderand	
	Continued	find its path	
		e. Create shortcut to files and	
		folders (in other folders) on	
		Desktop  f. Familiarizewiththeuseof	
		My Documents	
		g. Familiarizewiththeuseof	
		RecycleBin	
	TouseWindows	a. Familiarizewiththeuseof	a. Use windows
5.	Accessories:	Calculator	accessories and
	Calculator–Notepad–	b. AccessCalculatorusingRun	select correct text
	WordPad – MS Paint	command	editorbasedonthe
		c. Create Text Files using	situation.
		Notepad and WordPad and	-
		observethedifferenceinfile	b. Use MS paint to
		size	create/Editpictures
		L	, : :

		d.UseMSpaintandcreate	and save in the
		.jpeg,.bmpfilesusingMS Paint	requiredformat.
6.	To familiarize with Ribbon layout of MS word.—Home—Insert- page layout- References-Review- View	<ul> <li>a. Create/Openadocument</li> <li>b. UseSaveandSaveas features</li> <li>c. Work on two Word documentssimultaneously</li> <li>d. ChoosecorrectPapersize andPrintingoptions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. CreateaDocument</li> <li>and name</li> <li>appropriately and</li> <li>save</li> <li>b. Setpapersizeand</li> <li>print options</li> </ul>
7.	TopracticeWord ProcessingBasics	a. Typingtext b. Keyboardusage c. Usemouse(Leftclick/Right click / Scroll) d. UseKeyboardshortcuts e. UseFindandReplace featuresinMS-word f. UseUndoandRedoFeatures g. Usespellchecktocorrect Spellings and Grammar	<ul> <li>a. Use key board and mousetoenter/edit text in the document.</li> <li>b. Use shortcuts</li> <li>c. Use spell check/ Grammar features forautocorrections.</li> </ul>
8.	TopracticeFormatting techniques	<ul> <li>a. FormattingText</li> <li>b. FormattingParagraphs</li> <li>c. SettingTabs</li> <li>d. FormattingPages</li> <li>e. TheStylesofWord</li> <li>f. Insertbulletsandnumbers</li> <li>g. ThemesandTemplates</li> <li>h. Insertpagenumbers,header</li> <li>and footer</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Format Text and paragraphsanduse various text styles.</li> <li>b. Use bullets and numberstocreate lists</li> <li>c. Use Templates /Themes</li> <li>d. Insertpage numbers date,headersand footers</li> </ul>
9.	To insert a table of requirednumberof rows and columns	<ul> <li>a. Edit the table by adding the fields – Deleting rows and columns –inserting sub table –marking borders. Merging andsplittingofcellsinaTable</li> <li>b. Changingthebackground colour of the table</li> <li>c. Usetabledesign tools</li> <li>d. Use auto fit – fixed row/ columnheight/length–Even distribution of rows / columns features</li> <li>e. ConvertTexttotableand</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Insert table in the worddocumentand edit</li> <li>b. Usesortoptionfor arranging data.</li> </ul>

		TabletoText	<u> </u>
		f.UseSortfeatureofthe Table	
		to arrange data in	
		ascending/descendingorder	
10.	To Insert objects,	a. Createa2-pagedocument.	a. Inserthyperlinks
	clipartandHyperlinks	&Insert hyperlinks and t	&Bookmarks
		Bookmarks.	b. Createorganization
		b. Createanorganizationchart	charts/flow charts
		c. Practice examples like	
		preparing an Examination	
		schedule notice with a	
		hyperlinktoExamschedule	
		table.	
11.	To Use Mail merge	a. Use mail merge to prepare	UseMailmerge feature
	featureofMSWord	individually addressed letters	
		b. Usemailmergeto print	
		envelopes.	
12.	TouseEquationsand	a. Explorevarioussymbols	Enter Mathematical
	symbols features.	available in MS Word	symbolsandEquations
		b. Insertasymbolinthetext	in the word document
		c. Insert mathematical	
		equationsinthedocument	
13.	ToPracticewithMS-	a. Open /create an MS Excel	a. Familiarize with
	EXCEL	spreadsheetandfamiliarize	excellayoutanduse
		with MS Excel 2007 layout	b. Usevariousfeatures
		like MS office Button-	available in toolbar
		b. UseQuickAccessToolbar-	
		Title Bar- Ribbon-	
		Worksheets-FormulaBar-	
		StatusBar	
14.	ToaccessandEnter	a. MoveAroundaWorksheets-	a. Access and select
	data in the cells	Quickaccess-SelectCells	therequiredcellsby
		b. Enter Data-Edit a Cell-Wrap	various addressing
		Text-DeleteaCellEntry-Save a	methods
		File-Close Excel	b. Enterdataandedit
15.	To edit spread sheet	a. InsertandDeleteColumns	Formattheexcelsheet
	Copy,Cut,Paste,and	andRows-CreateBorders-	
	selecting cells	MergeandCenter	
		b. Add Background Color-	
		ChangetheFont,FontSize,	
		and Font Color	
		c. FormattextwithBold,	
		Italicize,andUnderline-Work	
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		withLongText-Changea	
		Column'sWidth	
16.	Tousebuiltinfunctions and Formatting Data	<ul><li>a. Perform Mathematical</li><li>Calculationsverify-AutoSum</li><li>b. PerformAutomatic</li><li>Calculations-AlignCellEntries</li></ul>	Usebuiltinfunctions in Excel
17.	ToenteraFormulafor automaticcalculations	a. Enterformula b. UseCellReferencesin Formulae c. Use Automatic updating functionofExcelFormulae d. UseMathematicalOperators in Formulae e. UseExcelErrorMessageand Help	Enter formula for automaticcalculations
18.	To Create Excel Functions, Filling Cells	a. UseReference Operators     b. Workwithsum,Sumif,Count and Count If Functions     c. FillCellsAutomatically	a. CreateExcelsheets involving cross references and equations b. Usetheadvanced functions for conditional calculations
19.	Tosortandfilterdata in table	a. Sortdatainmultiplecolumns b. Sortdata inarow c. SortdatausingCustomorder d. Filterdatainworksheet	a. Refinethedataina worksheet and keep it organized b. Narrowaworksheet byselectingspecific choice
20.	To Practice Excel GraphsandCharts	a. ProduceanExcelPieChart b. Produce c. ExcelColumnChart	a. Use data inExcel sheet to Create technical charts and graphsProduceExcel Line Graph b. ProduceaPictograph in Excel
21.	Todeveloplabreports ofrespectivediscipline	CreateLabreportsusingMS  Word and Excel	Insert Practical     subject name in     Headerandpage     numbersinFooter
22.	To format a Worksheet inExcel,pagesetupand print	<ul><li>a. Shadealternaterowsofdata</li><li>b. Addcurrencyandpercentage symbols</li></ul>	a. FormatExcelsheet b. Insertheaders& footersandprint

	1	c Changohaightafaraad	
		c. Changeheightofarowand width of a column	
		d. Changedataalignment	
		e. InsertHeadersandFooters	
		f. SetPrintOptionsandPrint	
23.	Tofamiliarizewith	Usevariousoptionsin	Access required
	Ribbon layout	PowerPoint	optionsinthetoolbar
	&features of	a. Home	
	PowerPoint 2007.	b. Insert	
		c. Design	
		d. Animation	
		e. Slideshow	
		f. View	
		g. Review	
24.	Tocreateasimple	a. InsertaNewSlideinto	a. Create simple
	PowerPoint	PowerPoint	PowerPoint
	Presentation	b. ChangetheTitleofa	presentation with
		PowerPoint Slide	photographs/ClipArt
		c. PowerPointBullets	and text boxes
		d. AddanImagetoa	b. Usebulletsoption
		PowerPoint Slide	·
		e. AddaTextboxtoa	
		PowerPointslide	
25.	To Set up a	a. CreateaPowerPointDesign	a. SetupMasterslide
	MasterSlideinPowerPoi	Template	and format
	ntand add notes	b. Modifythemes	b. Addnotes
		c. SwitchbetweenSlidemaster	
		view and Normal view	
		d. FormataDesignTemplate	
		Master Slide	
		e. AddaTitleSlidetoaDesign	
		Template	
		f. TheSlideShowFooterin	
		PowerPoint	
		f.AddNotestoaPowerPoint	
		Presentation	
26.	ToInsertTextand	a. InsertTextandobjects	InsertTextandObjects
	Objects	b. SetIndentsandlinespacing	Use 3d features
	,	c. Insertpictures/clipart	
		d. Formatpictures	
		e. Insertshapesandwordart	
		f. Use3dfeatures	
		g. Arrangeobjects	

27	ToincortoFlowChart/	a CreateaFlawChartin	Crosto cresciantianal
27.	ToinsertaFlowChart/	a. CreateaFlowChartin	Create organizational
	Organizational Charts	PowerPoint	chartsandflowcharts
		b. GroupandUngroupShapes	using smart art
		c. Usesmartart	
28.	ToinsertaTable	a. PowerPointTables	Inserttablesand
		b. FormattheTableData	format
		c. ChangeTableBackground	
		d. FormatSeriesLegend	
29.	To insert a	a. Create3DBarGraphsin	Create charts and Bar
	Charts/Graphs	PowerPoint	graphs,PieChartsand
		b. WorkwiththePowerPoint	format.
		Datasheet	
		c. FormataPowerPointChart	
		Axis	
		d. FormattheBarsof a Chart	
		e. CreatePowerPointPieCharts	
		f. UsePieChartSegments	
		g. Create2DBarChartsin	
		PowerPoint	
		h. Formatthe2DChart	
		e.FormataChartBackground	
30.	ToInsert audio &	a. Insertsoundsintheslideand	a. InsertSoundsand
	video,Hyperlinksina	hide the audio symbol	Video in
	slide	b. Adjustthevolumeinthe	appropriate
	Addnarrationtothe slide	settings	format.
		c. Insertvideofile inthe format	b. Addnarrationto
		supported by Power Pointina	the slide
		slide	c. Use hyperlinks to
		d. Useautomaticandonclick	switchtodifferent
		options	slides and files
		e. Addnarrationtothe slide	
		f. InsertHyperlinks	
31.	ToPracticeAnimation	a. Applytransitionstoslides	Addanimationeffects
	effects	b. To explore and practice	
		specialanimationeffectslike	
		Entrance, Emphasis, Motion	
		Paths&Exit	
32.	Reviewingpresentation	a. Checkingspellingand	a. UseSpellcheck
		grammar	and Grammar
		b. Previewingpresentation	feature
		c. Setupslideshow	b. Setupslideshow
		d. Setupresolution	c. Addtimingtothe
			slides
			Jiides

	T	T	T
		e. ExercisewithRehearse	d. Setupautomatic
		Timings feature in	slide show
		PowerPoint	
		f. UsePowerPointPenTool	
		during slide show	
		g. Saving	
		h. Printingpresentation	
		(a) Slides	
		(b) Hand-out	
33	To familiarize	a. OpenAdobePhotoshop	photographandsaveit in
	withstandardtoolbox	b. Usevarioustoolssuchas	Photoshop
		i. TheLayerTool	
		ii. TheColor&SwatchesTool	
		iii. CustomFonts&TheText	
		Tool	
		iv. BrushTool	
		v. TheSelectTool	
		vi. TheMoveTool	
		vii. TheZoom Tool	
		viii. TheEraser	
		ix. TheCropTool	
		x. TheFillTool	
34	Toedita photograph	a. UsetheCroptool	toeditimagebyusing
		b. Trimedges	corresponding tools.
		c. Changetheshapeandsizeof a	
		photo	
		d. Remove the part of	
		photographincludinggraphics	
		andtext	
35	To insert Borders	a. Startwithasinglebackground	Abletocreateaborder or
	aroundphotograph	layer	frame around an image
		b. Bringthebackgroundforward	to add visual interest to
		c. Enlargethecanvas	a photo
		d. Createabordercolor	
		e. Sendthebordercolortothe back	
		f. Experimentwithdifferent	
		colors	
36	TochangeBackground	a. opentheforegroundand	Able to swap
	of a Photograph	background image	backgroundelements
		b. Usedifferentselectiontools	using the Select and
		to paint over the image	Masktool andlayers.
		c. Copybackgroundimageand	
		pasteiton theforeground.	
	<u> </u>	1	

		d.Resizeand/ordragthe	
		background image to	
		reposition.	
		e.IntheLayerspanel,dragthe	
		backgroundlayerbelowthe	
37	Tochangecolorsof	foregroundimagelayer.  a.Changecoloursusing:	
3,	Photograph	i) ColourReplacementtool	Abletocontrolcolor
	Filotograpii	ii) Hue/Saturationadjustment	saturation
		layer tool	
38	To prepare a cover	a. open a file with height 500	
	pageforthebookin	andwidth400forthecover	Abletopreparecover
	subject area	page.	page for the book
		b. applytwodifferentcoloursto	
		work area by dividing it into	
		two parts using Rectangle	
		tool.	
		c. Copy any picture and place it	
		onworkarea→resizeitusing	
		free transform tool.	
		d. Typetextandapplycolorand	
		style	
		e. Applyeffectsusing blended	
20	To adjust the	options	
39	To adjust the brightnessandcontrast	a. opena file	Able to control
	of picture to give an	b. Gotoimage→adjustments→ Brightness/Contrast.	brightness/contrast.
	elegant look	f.adjustthebrightnessand contrast	
	elegant look	g.savethe image	
		g.savetile illiage	
40	Totypeawordand apply	a. opena file	Abletoapplyshadow
	the shadow emboss	b. Selectthetexttoolandtype	emboss effects
	effects	text.	
		c. Selectthe typedtextgoto	
		layer→ layer style→ blended	
		option→dropshadow,inner	
		shadow,bevelandemboss→	
		contour→ satin→ gradient	
		overlay	
		d. Savetheimage.	

# Table specifying the scope of syllabus to be covered for unit tests

UnitTest	Learningoutcomestobecovered
Unittest-1	From1to 8
Unittest-2	From9to 22
Unittest-3	From23to40